

NANYANG PRIMARY SCHOOL FIRST CONTINUAL ASSESSMENT 2017

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

PRIMARY 6

PAPER 2: BOOKLET A

TOTAL TIME FOR BOOKLETS A & B: 1 h 50 min

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:
DO NOT TURN OVER THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD
TO DO SO.
READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.
ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS.

Name:					()
Class:	Pr6	(ζ.)		
Parent	's Si	gn	ature:			

Fo	each question from 1 to 10, shade your answer (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optica (10 marks)
1.	The winning team shared the prize money the members.
	(1) with (2) along (3) among (4) between
2.	This dining table is made entirely wood.
	(1) in (2) of (3) with (4) out of
3.	am not sure if either of the waiters the food safety course yet. (1) attend (2) attends (3) has attended (4) have attended
4.	Suddenly, Tom heard Sally for help in the kitchen. (1) cries (2) cried (3) crying
	(4) is crying
5.	"I don't have hair left," my neighbour said while touching his head sadly. 1) few 2) little 3) some
	4) much

6.	The director, along with the rest of the movie cast, premiere later this evening.	attending the
	(1) is (2) are (3) was (4) were	
7.	Eugene was exhausted, he could not fall asleep).
	(1) Despite(2) Although(3) Therefore(4) Nonetheless	
8.	My mother took my sister and to the library to b	oorrow books.
	(1) I (2) me (3) mine (4) myself	
9.	Should you to turn up for the birthday party, plea inform Jeanie.	se remember to
	(1) decide(2) decides(3) decided(4) deciding	
10.	Sandy on the phone for more than one hour parents came home.	by the time her
	 (1) talked (2) is talking (3) has been talking (4) had been talking 	

		ch question from 11 to 17, shade your answer (1, 2, 3 or 4) Sheet.	on the Optical (7 marks)
11.	Mr T	Toh has been every day since he fractured h	is leg in a fall.
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	ambling hobbling sauntering staggering	
12.	The	deserted house in the forest was with rats.	
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	infected infested polluted contaminated	-
13.		will have to apply for a new driving license as it has beeneckless driving.	
		revoked reviewed confiscated condemned	
14.		twins' parents worked long hours and to sent universities.	d them to the
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	made a beeline broke their backs threw in the towel jumped on the bandwagon	

15		speaker's humor audience.	rous childhood storie	es	much laughter from
	(1) (2)	elicited solicited			
	(3) (4)	promoted developed			
16	. Mar	y was so engrosse construction work	ed in her book that s	he was	to the noise of
	(1) (2)	vigilant ignorant			
	(3)	sensitive oblivious			
17.	The to h	er quickly enough	customer started sh	outing at the w	aitress for not attending
	(1) (2)	overbearing overzealous			
	(3) (4)	overpowering overwhelming			

For each question from 18 to 22, choose the word(s) closest in meaning to the underlined word(s). Shade your answer (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)

The film, Journey From Zanskar, is a story about 17 Tibetan children and two monks in northern India. It documented the real-life journey of the children as (18) they were led by the monks across a mountain range to go to the only school which catered to their needs as Tibetan pupils.

In the winter of 2003, the two monks selected 17 children based on their intelligence and their ability to tolerate the rigours of the long walk. It was a heartrending choice the children's families had to make. Due to the difficult terrain, (21) they would not be able to see one another for eight to ten years.

Geshe Yonten, one of the monks, managed to convince the families that the journey was imperative for the children. He noted that people in the 21st century (22) could not have a good future without modern education.

Adapted from Crossing mountains to go to school

18.

- (1) verified
- (2) recorded
- (3) classified
- (4) supported

19.

- (1) obtained
- (2) revealed
- (3) demonstrated
- (4) accommodated

- 20.
- (1) dangers
- (2) durations
- (3) distances
- (4) demands.
- 21.
- (1) suitable
- (2) disturbing
- (3) distressing
- (4) encouraging
- 22.
- (1) important
- (2) purposeful
- (3) memorable
- (4) compulsory

Wisit Pesta Ubin 2017

14 May to 12 June 2017

Come on down with your family and friends to visit one of the last tempongs (villages) in Singapore. Enjoy the kampong spirit as you join in the daily fun activities that are organised by the residents of Pulau Ubin. Most of these activities will not require you to reach for your wallets!

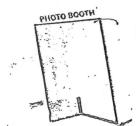
*Pesta is a Malay word for festival or party. Not to be confused with the Italian word "pasta", it describes festivities, such as a wedding, that are organised by a community to foster a village spirit.

Highlights of Pesta Ubin

Eat at Ubin Tour

Try home-style cooking with local vegetables and fish





Kampong Photo Booth

Take photographs for free!

Nature Trails

There are many trails for nature lovers to choose from.



The Ubin Custom

On Pulau Ubin, we:

- greet one another with a smile
- pick up litter and take them back to the mainland
- leave plants in their natural habitats
- bear in mind that bright lights and loud sounds can startle the local animals
- frown on the use of throwaway plastic bags and bottles

History of Pulau Ubin

Pulau Ubin, an island off Changi, was formerly a cluster of 5 smaller islands separated by rivers. Local Malays used to call it "Pulau Bantu Ubin", or "Granite Stone Island", as granite from the island was mined and used to make floor tiles.

The earliest inhabitants of the island were the Malays from Indonesia. By the mid-1800s, a large Chinese community had moved to the island to work at the granite mines. During the 1880s, around 50 Malay families from the Kallang River in mainland Singapore moved to Pulau Ubin to be fishermen.

Granite mining activities on Pulau Ubin peaked in the 1930s and attracted many people to the island. The ten granite mining companies on the island were the main employers of the residents. Besides granite mines, there were also coffee, durian, and rubber plantations across the island. Other sources of livelihood included prawn farming, fishing and poultry rearing.

As the population grew larger, the unhappiness between the original residents and the newcomers led to the issue of maintaining social order on the island. Furthermore, a number of Chinese immigrants to the island were members of Chinese secret societies. As a result, there were frequent clashes between the different societies. The violence ended only after the Japanese occupied the island during the Second World War.

By the 1970s, the granite mining industry began to decline. The last mines on the island closed in 1999. Commercial crop farming and rubber tapping on Pulau Ubin officially ceased in the 1980s.

The population on the island gradually dwindled with the closure of granite mines. In 2016, it was recorded that 38 residents remain on Pulau Ubin.

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For	each	question	from	23	to	30,	shade	your	answer	(1,2,3)	or	4)	on	the	Optical
Ans	wer SI	neet.													marks)

- 23. The main purpose of this text is to_____
 - (1) promote family bonding
 - (2) encourage people to visit Pulau Ubin
 - (3) introduce neighbouring islands to Singaporeans
 - (4) let people understand the history of all mines in Singapore
- 24. Why is the event named Pesta Ubin?
 - (1) The event was founded by an Italian.
 - (2) There is a pasta food tour in the event.
 - (3) The activities promote the kampong spirit in Pulau Ubin.
 - (4) The event showcases the Malay community in Pulau Ubin.
- 25. What activity will visitors to Pesta Ubin enjoy?
 - (1) fishing
 - (2) a nature trail
 - (3) a beach party
 - (4) a kampong wedding
- 26. Which of the following is **not** part of the Ubin custom?
 - (1) Being friendly
 - (2) Protecting the local wildlife
 - (3) Carrying your litter with you
 - (4) Using disposable plastic bags
- 27. Which of the following is false?
 - You can get to taste home-cooked food.
 - (2) You do not have to pay for most activities.
 - (3) Pulau Ubin is one of many kampongs left in Singapore.
 - (4) There are daily activities from 14 May to 12 June 2017.

28.	The	original residents of Pulau Ubin were
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	Chinese miners Malays from Indonesia Malay fishermen from Singapore Chinese secret society members
29.	In the	e 1930s, many people were attracted to Pulau Ubin because of
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	fishing farming granite mining rubber tapping
30.	. Acco	rding to the text, why did the population in Pulau Ubin eventually ease?

- (1) The last granite mine closed down in 1999.
- (2) The residents were unhappy with one another.
- The Japanese invaded Pulau Ubin during World War 2. There was fighting between the Chinese secret societies. (3)
- (4)



NANYANG PRIMARY SCHOOL FIRST CONTINUAL ASSESSMENT 2017 ENGLISH LANGUAGE

PRIMARY 6

PAPER 2: BOOKLET B TOTAL TIME FOR BOOKLETS A & B: 1 hr 50 min

	Booklet A	
		30
Name: ()	Booklet B	
valle.	-	70
Pr 6 ()	Total	
		100
Parent's Signature:		

Any query on marks awarded should be raised by 9 March 2017. We seek your understanding in this matter as any delay in the confirmation of marks will lead to delays in the generation of results.

Instructions:

DO NOT TURN OVER THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.
ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS.

There are 10 blanks, numbered 31 to 40, in the passage below. From the list of words given, choose the most suitable word for each blank. Write its letter (A to Q) in the blank. The letters (I) and (O) have been omitted to avoid confusion during marking. (10 marks)

Use each WORD once ONLY

A)	and	D)	can	G)	is	K)	the	N)	to
B)	between	E)	even	H)	over	L)	them	P)	where
(C)	by	F)	for	J)	that	M)	then	Q)	with

Emperor penguins spend their entire lives on Antarctic ice and in its waters.					
They survive relying on a number of clever adaptations.					
These flightless birds breed in the winter. A female emperor penguin lays one single					
egg, it leaves its breeding site! The male penguin balances the egg on (32)					
his feet and covers it his brood pouch, a very warm layer of feathered (33)					
skin designed to keep the egg cosy.					
Male penguins stand with the eggs on their feet for many days, through icy					
temperatures, cruel winds, blinding storms. After about two months, the					
females return to the breeding site from the sea with their bellies full of food					
they regurgitate to feed the newly hatched chicks. The males now (35)					
eagerly leave their own fishing session at sea, and the mothers will now (36)					
take the care of the chicks for a while. As the young penguins grow, the (37)					
(37)					
adult penguins leave in groups of chicks called crèches whenever they (38)					
go out to fish. When the Antarctic weather gets warmer, ice that the					
penguins occupy begins to break up, bringing open waters closer to the chicks. Now					
the chicks are old enough to make their waythe seas and fish for their (40)					
own food. However, once in the Antarctic waters, they risk being eaten by sharks and					
leopard seals.					

Marks

Each of the underlined words contains either a spelling or grammatical error. Write the correct word in each of the boxes. (13 marks)

A wildlife presenter, Charlotte White, realised that watching wild animals up close

was a dangerous task. She	and her camera crew	were in a fore	st to film a documentary or
(41)			
its large elephant comuniti.			
	(42)		
Charlotte stood in th	e open field when he	er camera cre	ew would film her from a
(43)			
distance away on an obsiry	aetion platform. As sl	ne glanced ov	ver her shoulder, she was
(44)		•	5)
surprising to see a majestic	female elephant with	a pair of cur	ving white tusk. Charlotte
(46)		(47)	
stood mosionlless, fearful th	at any sudden mover	nent would ca	aused it to charge at her.
(48)			
Excited about the oportunn	ity to capture the an	imal, she sp	oke to her camera crew
(49)			
hrough her walkie-talkie to t	oegin film. Unfortunate	ely for her, at	the sound of crackling of
(50)		(5	1)
he walkie-talkie, the elephan	t turned aprubtly and	took a few pa	ces towards her. Sensed
	(52)		
langer, Charlotte moved has	tily towards a tree for s	ave. Suddeni	y, out of the corner of her
(53)			
eye, she caught a <u>glēamse</u> of	the elephant charging	at her. Charle	otte ran for her life.
			Marks

If you notice tiny birds hovering over flowers as they feed on their nectar, you are
probably seeing hummingbirds 7.5 to 13 centimetres, they are among (54)
the smallest of birds. Interestingly, they are hummingbirds not (55)
because of their singing voices. They get their name because they a
humming sound when they fly. (56)
numming sound when they my.
With their unique physical characteristics, hummingbirds can fly in any
forward, backward, up, down, side-to-side and even upside down.
(57) They can hover above flowers by their wings at an incredible rate of (58)
between 60 and 200 times per second. Sometimes, the wings beat so quickly that you
see but a blur. Their long and slender bills them (59)
nectar. If nectar is not to them, they will eat insects, tree sap and pollen.
pollen.
Hummingbirds a lot of energy for flying. In, (63) (64)
they must eat constantly to fuel their active bodies. Hummingbirds can eat almost twice
their body weight in one day! There are over 300 different of
hummingbirds. They are largely in the Western Hemisphere. Most live
in tropical areas year-round. Historically, hummingbirds were killed for
their feathers. Today, they different but equally devastating threats. (68)
Habitat loss and destruction are the hummingbird's main threats now.
Marks

be the same as the meaning of the given sentence(s). (12 marks) 69. You should sound the fire alarm if you spot a fire. Our neighbours intend to leave their bulky items along the corridor. We are rather 70. concerned. 71. "Where's the nearest exit?" the customer asked the salesgirl. The customer asked the salesgirl 72. Mary ran very fast. However, she lost the race. ____despite _____ Jenny is making a guest/list. Her wedding will be held in June. 73. Jack was commended by his teacher for his diligence. 74. Jack's teacher Marks

For each of the questions 69 to 74, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in **one** sentence. The meaning of your sentence must

Erik stood alone in the living room of his grant-parents' house. He felt uncomfortable staying with these strangers who had his photographs prominently displayed in the living room. He hardly knew his grandparents. Erik was also upset that his parents, both in the army, were dispatched to work in Iraq. Why so sudden? Still upset over his situation, Erik decided to explore his grandparents' farm to distract himself.

Erik wandered into a storehouse full of farm equipment. Suddenly, he heard a noise outside. He was stock-still, listening intently. It sounded like someone panting heavily, as if he had been running hard. Who could be running? No one was around except him. Curiosity piqued, Erik resolved to check out what or who had made the strange noise. Cautiously, he peered out of the door. From the corner of his eye, he caught sight of something slinking into the barn house on four legs. He knew then it was not a person but an animal. Erik opened barn door gently. He strained his eyes in the dimly lit barn. His racing heart was in fear of what that animal was.

He saw movement in the corner by the bales of hay. Mustering his courage, he began walking very slowly toward the sound. Knowing that a cornered animal could be 15 dangerous, he approached the bales of hay from the side to give it a clear escape route. He hoped it would choose to bolt instead of attacking him. As he drew nearer to it, he could hear the animal panting harder and could see it was shaking. Closer now, he could see that the animal was a medium-sized dog. Its fur was mottled, and there was something really odd-looking about its head. The creature whimpered in earnest then |20 lifted its head. Sticking out from its muzzle were about a hundred of what he immediately knew were porcupine quills. They were whitish tan in colour and about three to five centimetres long. Erik gasped and stopped, not knowing what to do. He tried to remember what he had read or heard about them. He was sure they were difficult and painful to remove. Despite its obvious pain, the dog gazed up at him, wagging the tip of its stubby 25 tail back and forth several times. Erik closed the barn door and ran back to the house. He called his grandmother who was at the market. She reassured him that she would get her veterinarian friend, Bob Thompson, to come soon. Erik went back out to the barn, where the dog remained curled up by the bales of hay. With great care, he reached out and gently stroked its side. Soon, he heard a car pull into the driveway. Erik opened the barn 30 door and called his grandmother and her friend over to the barn house. Dr Bob examined the dog quickly. He told Erik and his grandmother, "Erik, I'll need you to hold it still while I pull out the quills."

The dog flinched violently and yelped but Erik held its head tightly. "It was a good thing it did not roll on the ground to relieve the pain, otherwise it would drive the quills in farther into itself," the veterinarian continued, "The truth is, porcupines are gentle creatures which will not attack unless they feel threatened." Finally, it was over. Dr Bob gave the dog an injection of antibiotics which it did not like at all. This was followed by some antibiotics cream. The dog seemed to like it a lot. Dr Bob laughed as it licked off all the cream he had just applied. "Can I keep this stray dog?" asked Erik. "You don't have to worry about keeping it too long. I think it must have just slipped its collar. It's a purebred German Shorthaired Pointer. Its owner will be looking for it pretty soon," Dr Bob assured Erik's grandmother who agreed to provide a temporary shelter.

	Vho were strangers to Erik? [1m]
G	ive two reasons why Erik was unhappy about his situation. [2m]
(1	
(2	2)
V	/hy was Erik certain what he saw was not a human? [2m]
V	hy did Erik approach the bales of hay from the side? [2m]
_	
	ik thought that there was something really odd-looking about the dog's henes 19-20). What did he realise later was the reason for this? [2m]
	ik thought that there was something really odd-looking about the dog's henes 19-20). What did he realise later was the reason for this? [2m]
(lii	nes 19-20). What did he realise later was the reason for this? [2m]
Lc pa dc	nes 19-20). What did he realise later was the reason for this? [2m] ook at the table below. What do the words in the left column refer to in the issage? Write your answers in the column on the right. The first one has be
Lo	nes 19-20). What did he realise later was the reason for this? [2m] ook at the table below. What do the words in the left column refer to in the sage? Write your answers in the column on the right. The first one has been for you. [2m]

Based on the story, st false, then give one re		each statement in the table below is true of think so. [3m]
	True/False	Reason
Erik heard a noise when he was in his grandparents' house.		
Erik had no problem searching the barn house for the creature as it was well lit.		
Removing the porcupine quills was a painful process.		
events occurred in the	passage. (1m	to indicate the order in which the narian in the barn house. er decided to care for the dog temporarily
	al hid in the ba	arn house.
The anima		
		nave the <u>same meaning</u> as the word(s) i [3m]
ind words from paragr		

End of Paper

CV1/55

YEAR

2017

LEVEL

PRIMARY 6

SCHOOL

: NANYANG PRIMARY

SUBJECT

ENGLISH

TERM

: CA1

Booklet A

Q1	3	Q6	1	Q11	2	Q16	4	Q21	3	Q26	4
Q2	4	Q7	2	Q12	2	Q17	1	Q22	1	Q27	3
Q 3	3	Q8	2	Q13	1.	Q18	2	Q23	2	Q28	2
Q4	3	Q9	1	Q14	2	Q19	4	Q24	3	Q29	3
Q5	Ą	Q10	4	Q15	1	Q20	4	Q25	2	Q30	1

Booklet B

Q.	31	Q32	Q33	Q34	Q35	Q36	Q37	Q38	Q39	Q40
(M	Q	A	J	F	H	L	K	N

Q41	community	Q48	opportunity	Q55	called	Q62	available
Q42	where	Q49	filming	Q56	make	Q63	require
Q43	observation	Q50	abruptly	Q57	direction	Q64	fact
Q44	surprised	Q51	sensing	Q58	flapping	Q65	kinds
Q45	tasks	Q52	safety	Q59	nothing	Q66	found
Q46	motionless	Q53	glimpse	Q60	allow	Q67	all
Q47	cause	Q54	Measuring	Q61	and	Q68	face

- Q69 Unless you spot a fire, you should not sound the alarm.
- Q70 We are rather concerned about our neighbours' intention to leave their bulky items along the corridor.
- Q71 The customer asked the salesgirl where the nearest exit was.
- Q72 Mary lost the race despite the fact that she ran very fast.
- Q73 Jenny, whose wedding will be held in June, is making a guest list.
- Q74 Jack's teacher commended him for his diligence.

Q75

Erik's grandparents

- Q76 (1) He felt uncomfortable staying with his grandparents whom he hardly knew.
 - (2) His parents, both in the army, were dispatched suddenly to work in Iraq.
- Q77 Erik caught sight of something slinking into the barn house on four legs.
- Q78 He wanted to give the creature a clear escape route if it were to bolt.
- Q79 There were about a hundred porcupine quills sticking out from its muzzle.

Q80

it (line 32)	the dog
them (line 24)	porcupine quills
This (line 38)	an injection of antibiotics

Q81 The dog might have tried to attack the porcupine.

Q82

	True / False	Reason
Erik heard a noise when he was in his grandparents' house.	False	He was in the storehouse when he heard a noise.
Erik had no problem searching the barn house for the creature as it was well lit.	False	Erik strained his eyes in the dimly lit barn while searching for the creature.
Removing the porcupine quills was a painful process.	True	The dog flinched violently and yelped when Bob Thompson, the veterinarian removed the porcupine quills from its head.

- Erik assisted the veterinarian in the barn house.
 Erik and his grandmother decided to care for the dog temporarily.
 The animal hid in the barn house.

Q84

strolled	wandered	
slip quietly	slinking	
looked closely	peered	

End

