Anglo-Chinese School (Junior)



SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 (2019)

PRIMARY 4 SCIENCE BOOKLET A

Thursday		31 (October 2019	1 hr 45 min
Nan	ne: ()	Class: 4.()	
INS:	TRUCTIONS TO PUPILS			
1	Do not turn over the pages unti	l you a	re told to do so.	
2	Follow all instructions carefully.			
3	There are 28 questions in this h	noklet		

5 Shade your answers in the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

Answer ALL questions.

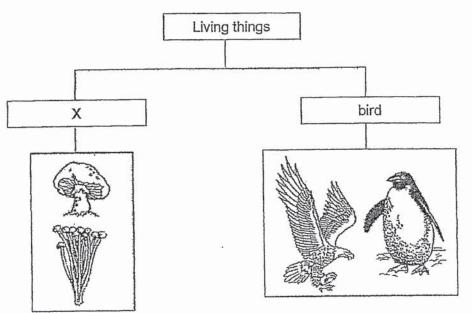
4

Booklet A

For each question from 1 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade your answer on the Optical Answer Sheet.

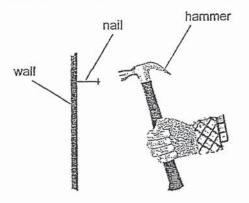
(56 marks)

1. The table shows how some living things can be grouped.



Which of the following is the most suitable heading for group X?

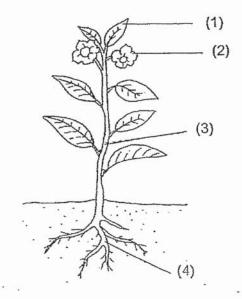
- (1) fish
- (2) fungi
- (3) insects
- (4) bacteria
- 2. The diagram shows a nail being hammered into the wall.



Iron is used to make nails because iron

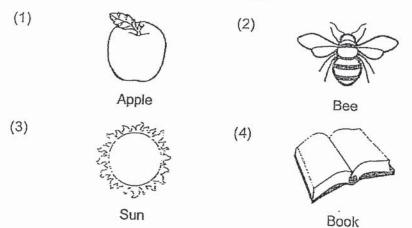
- (1) is shiny
- (2) is strong
- (3) sinks in water
- (4) conducts heat well

- 3. In which part of the digestive system is there no digestion taking place?
 - (1) mouth
 - (2) stomach
 - (3) small intestine
 - (4) large intestine
- 4. Which part, (1), (2), (3) or (4), helps the plant to absorb water?

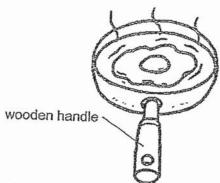


- 5. Which animal has a larva stage in its life cycle?
 - (1) frog
 - (2) chicken
 - (3) mosquito
 - (4) grasshopper
- 6. Which of the following properties is true for both air and a piece of stone?
 - (1) They can be seen.
 - (2) They take up space.
 - (3) They have fixed shapes.
 - (4) They can be compressed.

- 7. Which of the following can be attracted by a magnet?
 - (1) steel rod
 - (2) plastic rod
 - (3) rubber rod
 - (4) wooden rod
- 8. Which of the following is a source of light?



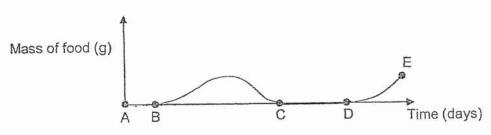
- 9. Which of the following is the best conductor of heat?
 - (1) metal spoon
 - (2) wood spoon
 - (3) paper spoon
 - (4) ceramic spoon
- Shaun fried an egg on a pan.



He is able to hold the hot pan using the wooden handle. This is because wood is a _____

- (1) light material
- (2) flexible material
- (3) poor conductor of heat
- (4) good conductor of heat

- 11. Which two body systems work together to supply oxygen to the body?
 - (1) Muscular and Skeletal System
 - (2) Digestive and Circulatory System
 - (3) Digestive and Respiratory System
 - (4) Respiratory and Circulatory System
- The graph shows the mass of food that is eaten at different stages, AB, BC, CD and DE, in the life cycle of a beetle.



If DE is the adult stage of the beetle, which of the statements are true about the graph?

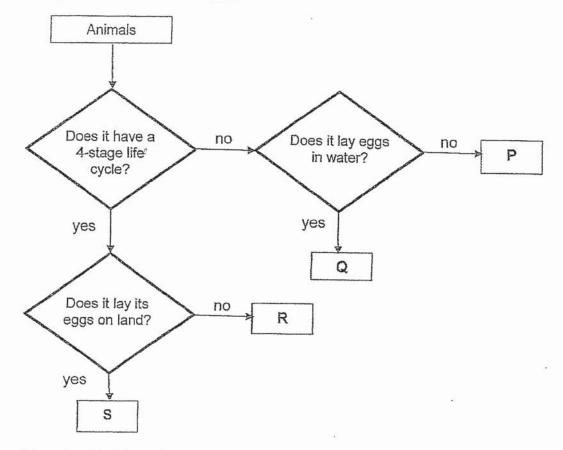
- X AB represents the larva stage.
- Y CD represents the pupa stage.
- Z The most amount of food was eaten during BC.
- (1) X and Y only
- (2) Y and Z only
- (3) X and Z only
- (4) X, Y and Z
- The table shows the comparisons between a cockroach and a chicken made by four students.

	Characteristics	Cockroach	Chicken
Anna	The adult lays eggs in water.	No	No
Billy	The animal has 4 stages in its life cycle.	Yes	No
Chris	The young looks like the adult.	Yes	Yes
Dorothy		No	Yes

Which two students made the correct comparisons?

- (1) Anna and Chris
- (2) Anna and Billy
- (3) Billy and Chris
- (4) Billy and Dorothy

14. Study the flow chart shown below.

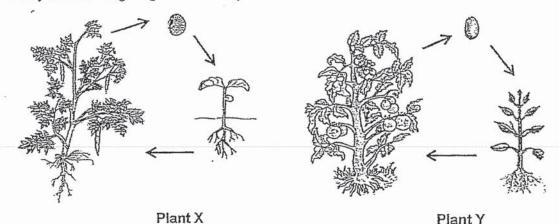


Based on the flow chart shown above, which of the following animals correctly matches animals P, Q, R and S?

-	. Р	. Q	R	S
)	grasshopper	frog ·	mosquito	butterfly
2)	grasshopper	mosquito	frog	butterfly
3)	. frog	grasshopper	mosquito	butterfly
+)	frog	grasshopper	butterfly	mosquito

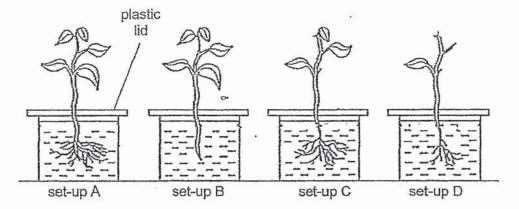
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15. Study the following diagrams carefully.



Based on the diagrams, which of the following statements about both plants, X and Y are correct?

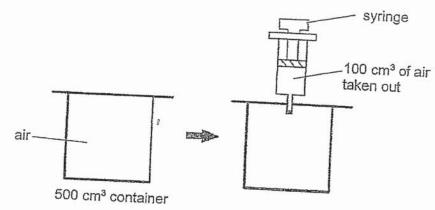
- A Both plants have strong stems.
- B Seed of Plant Y grows into a young plant faster.
- C Plant X is a flowering plant but Plant Y is a non-flowering plant.
- D Both plants have the same number of stages in their life cycles.
- (1) A and D only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) C and D only.
- (4) A, B and D only
- Ming Yao removed some parts from four identical plants and placed them into identical containers with the same volume of water as shown.



Which two set-ups should he use to investigate if plants absorb water through their roots?

- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) A and C
- (4) C and D

 A 500 cm³ container was filled with air. 100 cm³ of air was then taken out from the container using a syringe.

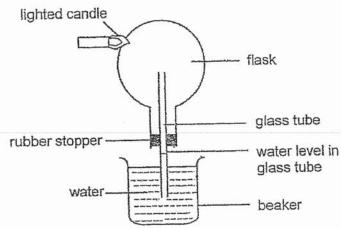


Which of the following about the mass and volume of air left in the container is correct?

Volume of air left in containe
remained the same
decreased
remained the same decreased

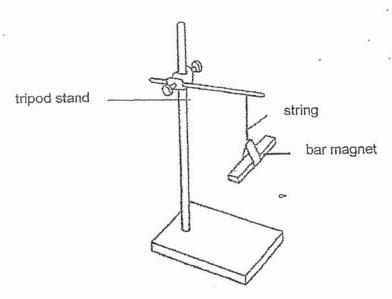
- 18. Which of the following are not matter?
 - A light
 - B heat.
 - C wind
 - D sound
 - (1) A and B only
 - (2) B and C only
 - (3) C and D only
 - (4) A, B and D

 Hakim set-up an experiment as shown. He used a lighted candle to heat the flask for only ten minutes.



What change did he observe about the water level in the glass tube during the next five minutes?

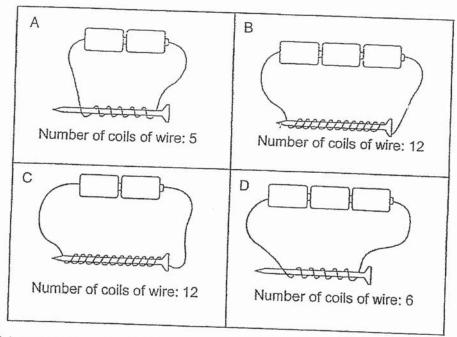
- (1) It increased.
- (2) It decreased.
- (3) It remained the same.
- (4) It increased and then decreased.
- 20. The diagram shows a freely suspended bar magnet.



In which direction will it come to rest?

- (1) East-West
- (2) South-East
- (3) North-West
- (4) North-South

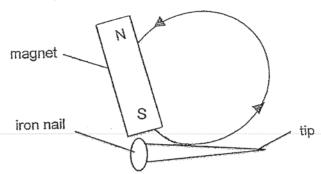
 Ruth wanted to find out if the number of batteries affects the magnetic strength of an electromagnet.



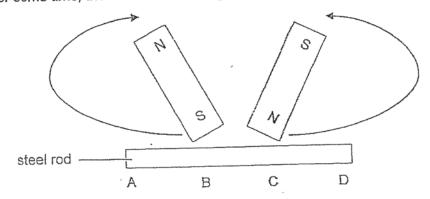
Which two set-ups should Ruth use to test the aim of her experiment?

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and C
- (4) C and D

22. Tom used the stroke method to magnetise an iron nail as shown. The tip of the nail became the north pole of the temporary magnet.



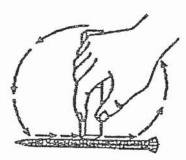
He then stroked a steel rod using two bar magnets as shown in the diagram. After some time, the steel rod was magnetised.



Which part of the temporary magnet, A, B, C or D, would become the North pole?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

23. Raju used the stroke method on four identical nails, A, B, C and D as he wanted to find out how the magnetic strength of a temporary magnet is affected by the number of strokes of a magnet. He tested the magnetic strength of each iron nail by letting it attract some paper clips.



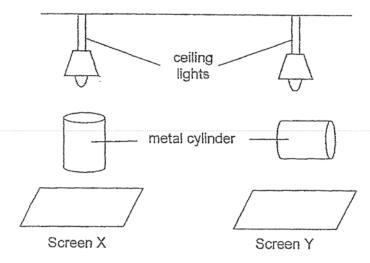
He recorded his results in the table.

Nail	Number of strokes	Number of paper clips attracted by X
Α	15	2
В	30	Δ
C	45	5
D	60	7

Based on the results, which of the following shows the correct relationship between the number of strokes and the magnetic strength of the nails?

Number of strokes	Magnetic strength of nails
increase	remains the same
increase	stronger
decrease	. stronger
decrease	remains the same

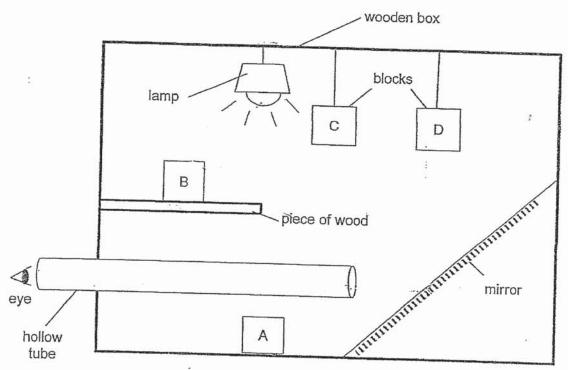
24. Janet placed two identical metal cylinders in different positions in a dark room under the ceiling lights. Shadows were formed on screens X and Y.



Which of the following shadows would she observe on screens X and Y?

Screen X	Screen Y
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	

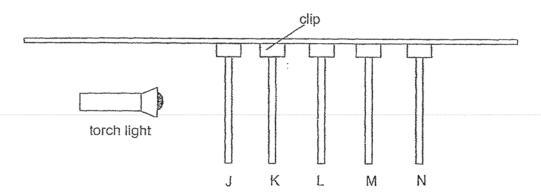
25. Four blocks, A, B, C and D, were placed at different positions in a wooden box as shown.



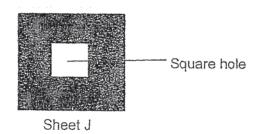
Which block, A, B, C or D, can be seen when you look through the hollow tube?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

26. John hung five similar sheets made of different materials on a pole with clips as shown.



Only Sheet J has a square hole in the middle as shown below.



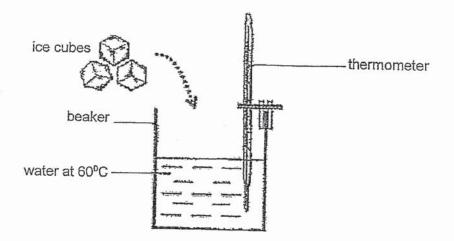
The table shows the transparency of the different materials.

Allows most light to pass through	Does not allow any light to pass through
K	J
L	M
N	

Which sheet would have a square patch of light on it when the torch is on?

- (1) K
- (2) L
- (3) M
- (4) N

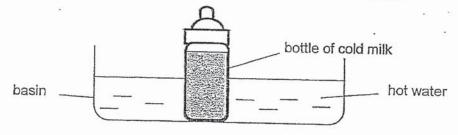
27. Rahim set up the experiment as shown.



Which of the following shows the correct change in the water level and temperature of water a minute after he placed some ice cubes in the beaker?

Water level	Temperature of water
Increases	Remain the same
Increases	Decrease
Decreases	Decrease
Decreases	Increase

28. Janet places a bottle of cold milk into a basin of hot water as shown.



Which of the following statements are true?

- A The milk gains heat from the water:
- B The milk gains heat from the surrounding air.
- C The temperature of the water remains the same.
- D The temperature of the milk increases for a period of time.
- (1) A and D only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) A, B and D only
- (4) A, C and D only

End of Booklet A

Anglo-Chinese School (Junior)



SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 (2019)

PRIMARY 4
SCIENCE

BOOKLET B

Thursday	31 Oc	ctober 2019	1 hr 45 min
Name: ()	Class: 4.(')	Parent's Signature:
INSTRUCTIONS TO PUPILS			

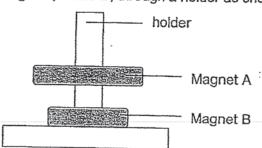
- Do not turn over the pages until you are told to do so.
- 2 Follow all instructions carefully.
- 3 There are 13 questions in this booklet.
- 4 Answer ALL questions.
- 5 The marks are given in the brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

Booklet	Possible	Marks
Doowler	Marks	Obtained
A	56	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
В	44	
Total	100	

Booklet	B
SOUTH	~

29.	Rill	v placed two di	SG				(44 m	arks)
	Dill	y placed two dit	rerent blocks,	X and Y, into	a beaker of	water as sho	wn.	
			water	A	-			
1	Bloc	k X was found	at position A,	while block Y v	vas found at	t position B		
F	Fill i	n the blanks us	ing the correct	t words in the b	юх.	position B.		[3
Γ								
L		expands	contracts	floats	sinks	Α	В	
T -	his	shows that	block X	solid motal N		ater, and	block	Y
- w 0. Fi	vater	will most likely	in water. A be found at p	solid metal bl	ock when p	laced in the	block beaker	of
0. Fi	aterill in	the correct par	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts	solid metal bl	ock when n	laced in the	block beaker	of
0. Fi	aterill in	will most likely	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts	solid metal bl	ock when p	laced in the	block beaker	Y of [2]
0. Fi	aterill in	the correct par	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts the plant.	solid metal bloositionin the table.	ock when p	laced in the	block beaker	of
o. Fi	vateriill in Fundit tak	the correct par	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts the plant.	solid metal bloosition in the table. there is light.	Plant par	laced in the	beaker	(2)
o. Fi	vater ill in Fun t tak t hel	the correct par ctions of plant ces in water for	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts the plant.	solid metal bloosition in the table. there is light.	Plant par	laced in the	beaker	of [2]
w 0. Fi	vater ill in Fund t tak t hel	the correct par ctions of plant ces in water for	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts the plant.	solid metal bloosition in the table. there is light.	Plant par	ts definite sha	beaker	(2)
o. Fi	vaterill in Fundit take the the	the correct par ctions of plant ces in water for ps the plant ma	in water. A be found at p ts of the plant parts the plant.	solid metal bloosition in the table. there is light. the following related the has definite	Plant par	ts definite sha	beaker	(2)

32. Alice placed two ring magnets, A and B, through a holder as shown.



(a)	The holder was	made of pla	stic and did	d not a	ttract the	magnets.
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[1]

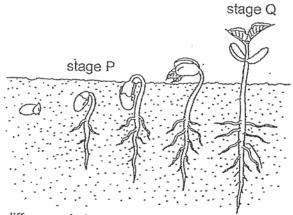
Plastic is a _____ material.

(b) Why is magnet A floating above magnet B?

[1]

Magnet B _____ magnet A.

33. The diagram shows the growth of a seed into a young plant.



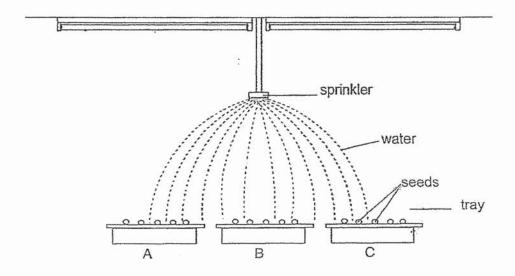
(a) Describe the difference in how the young plant obtains food at stages P and Q. [2]

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SCORE

4

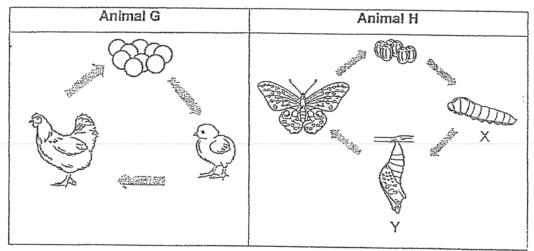
33. (b) Some students placed three identical trays, A, B and C, in the school garden, each with equal amount of soil and five red bean seeds. An automatic sprinkler waters the plants every morning as shown in the diagram.



(i)	State the conditions necessary for the seeds to germinate.	[1]

(ii)	After a few weeks, the plants in trays A and C did not grow as well as those	[1]
17	in tray B. Give a reason why.	
	- * 8 3\$4	•

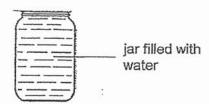
34. The diagrams show the life cycles of animals G and H.



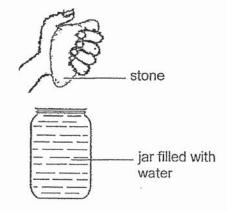
(a)	Name stages X and Y in the life cycle of Animal H.	[1]
	Χ	
	Y:	
(b)	Based on your observations of the above diagrams, state a similarity and difference between the two life cycles. (Note: Do not compare shape, colour and size of the animals)	[2]
	Similarity:	
	Difference:	
(c)	The life cycle of a mosquito is as shown.	
	State a difference between the life cycle of a mosquito and Animal H.	[1]

(Go on to th	e next page)
SCORE	4

35. Clare filled a jar with water to the brim as shown in the diagram.



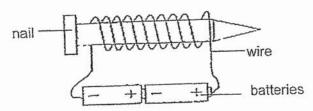
- (a) State the property of water that allowed it to be poured easily into the jar. [1]
- (b) Clare then added a piece of stone into the jar of water.



Using the property of matter, explain clearly why the water in the jar flowed or when the stone was added in.				
when the stone was added in.		0*10	[2]	
	*	tion of the second seco		
		The state of the s		

_	Commence of the Commence of th	
	SCORE	/
		3

36. Jason wanted to make four electromagnets using four different nails.



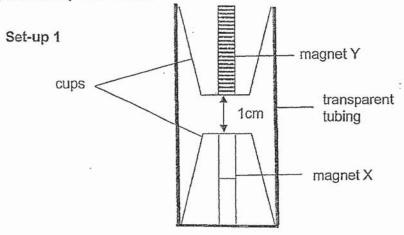
He recorded in the table the number of thumbtacks attracted to each electromagnet when the different nails were used.

Nail	Number of thumbtacks attracted
W	7
X	3
Y	0
Z	5

Evolair	why the metal paper clips were not attracted to nail Y?
Laplan	
	• *
State :	2 ways to increase the strength of the electromagnet when nail X was

SCORE	
SCORE	
	3

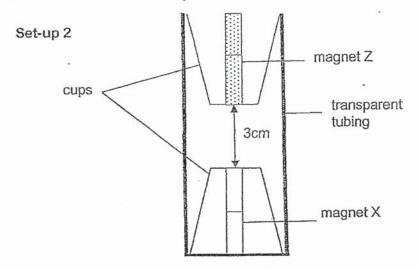
37. Luis glued two bar magnets, X and Y, each to the base of identical plastic cups. He prepared set-up 1 as shown.



(a) Luis observed that the cup with magnet Y was floating above the one with magnet X. Explain why.

[2]

Luis then glued magnet Z to the base of another identical plastic cup. He prepared set-up 2 as shown.

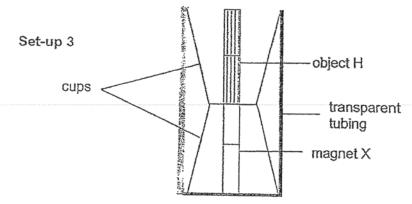


(b) He observed that the cup with magnet Z was also floating above the cup with magnet X. Based on his observations of set-ups 1 and 2, what can he conclude about the magnetic strength of magnet Z? Explain your answer.

[2]

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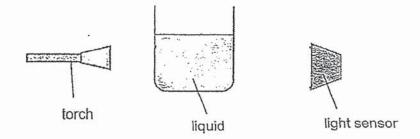
37 Luis then glued object H to the base of another identical plastic cup. He prepared set-up 3 as shown.



(c)	Without removing or replacing anything in the set-up 3, describe what Luis can do to confirm if object H is a magnet?	[1]
	-	

	. 0 /
SCORE	1

Jason set up the following experiment with three different liquids in identical beakers. 38.

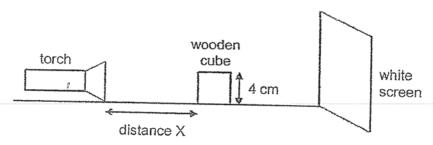


He used the same light sensor to measure the amount of light that passed through each liquid using the same torch. He recorded the data in the table.

Liquid	Intensity of light (unit)
A	100
В	0
С	150

. •	
Give an example of liquid B.	

 Mrs Tan conducted an experiment using a torch, a wooden cube and a white screen as shown in the diagram.

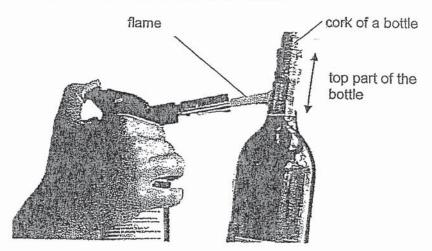


She moved the wooden cube to find out its effect on the size of the shadow formed on the screen. Her findings are recorded in the table.

distance X (cm)	height of the shadow formed on the screen (cm)
10	30
20	24
30	14
40	8

(a)	Based on the findings, what is the relationship between distance X and the height of the shadow formed on the screen?	[1]
(b)	What can she do to the white screen if she wants to form a smaller shadow?	[1]
(c)	Explain how the wooden cube formed a shadow on the white screen.	[1]
(d)	Suggest the height of the shadow formed on the screen if a wooden cube of height 3 cm is used, given that distance X is 40 cm.	[1]

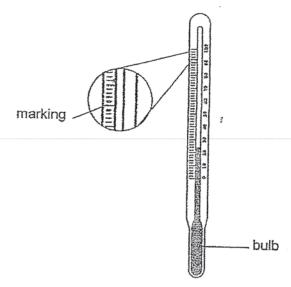
40. Jacob tried to pull a cork from a bottle of vinegar but was unable to do so. His brother suggested heating the top part of the bottle with a flame.



Jacob was able to remove the stopper easily after heating the top part of the bottle.

)	b found two glasses stuck to each other as shown.	
	inner glass	
	outer glass	
	Suggest what Jacob can do to the glass(es) to separate them without breaking them? Explain clearly how your suggestion works.	

41. Joyce wanted to use a thermometer to read the temperature of water.

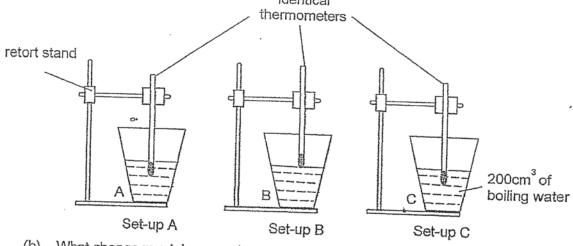


(a) Order the following steps in reading the thermometer by writing 1, 2 and 3 in the boxes provided.

[1]

Step	
	Position your eye at the same level as the liquid in the thermometer.
	Hold the thermometer upright.
	Read the marking of the liquid in the thermometer.

Joyce set up an experiment as shown to find out how the materials of cups, A, B and C, affect the temperature of water.

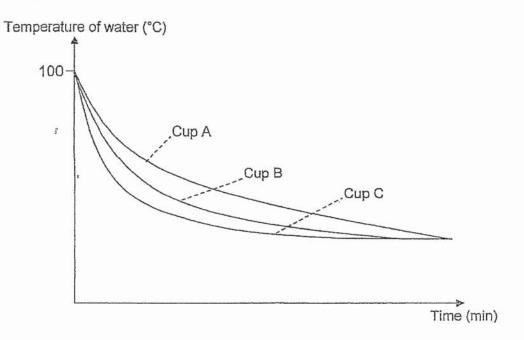


(b) What change must Joyce make to the set-up(s) to ensure a fair test?

[1]

1	o next hage)
SCORE	
	2

41.. The changes in the temperatures of the water in the three cups were then recorded over a period of time.



(c) Which cup is most suitable to store ice cubes? Explain your answer based on the results. [2]

End of Paper

SCORE 2

ANSWER KEY

YEAR: 2019

LEVEL: PRIMARY 4

SCHOOL: ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR)

SUBJECT: SCIENCE

TERM: SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2

	BOOKL	ET A					UBJEC.	Т	TEST		SCORE		SCORE(%)	
Primary 4-4 (2019)				Science			SA2		46 / 56					
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15
2	2	4	4	3	2	1	3	1	3	4	2	1.	1	1
Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30
1	4(3)E	4	2(1) %	4	3	3 (1) X	2	4	2(4)X	3	3(2) %	3		
031	Q32	Q33	Q34	Q35	Q36	Q37	Q38	Q39	Q40	Q41	Q42	Q43	Q44	Q45
Q46	Q47	Q48	Q49	Q50	Q51	Q52	Q53	Q54	Q55	Q56	Q57	Q58	Q59	Q60

BOOKLET B

Q29. Floats, sinks, B

Q30. Roots, Leaves

Q3 (a) has definite volume

- (b) no tick
- (c) has definite shape-
- Q32. (a) non-magnetic

has definite volume

- (b) repels
- Q33. (a) Stage P depends on the seed leaves for food while stage Q uses its leaves to absorb sunlight for photosynthesis to make food for itself.

Air, water and warmth is needed for germination.

- (ii) The seeds is tray A and C did not receive as much water as the seeds is tray A and C did not receive as much water as the seeds in tray B.
- Q34. (a) X: larva Y: pupa
 - (b) Similarity: They both have the egg stage.

Difference: The young of animal G resembles the adult while the young of animal H does not.

- (c) The mosquito spends part of its life cycle in water while animal H spends all of its life cycle on land.
- Q35. (a) Water does not have a definite shape.
- (b) The stone takes up space in the jar, so the stone displaced the water and since water has no definite shape, it will flow out of the jar.
- Q36. (a) Nail Z could be made of iron.
- (b) Nail Y is not a magnetic material thus, the set up would not work, therefore not attracting any thumbtacks.
 - (c) Increase the number of batteries used.

Increase the number of coil around the nail.

- Q37. (a) The like poles of magnet X and Y were facing each other, thus repelling each other making the cup with magnet Y float above the cup with magnet X.
- (b) Magnet Z is a stronger magnet than magnet Y. Since the cup with magnet Z floated higher than magnet Y, this shows that the repelled distance was longer, thus showing that magnet Z is a stronger magnet than magnet Y.
- (c) He could flip the cup around and find out if the cup with object H would float above the cup with magnet X.
- Q38. (a) To find out if which liquid allows the most light to pass through.
 - (b) milk
 - (c) The amount of liquid must be kept constant.
- Q39. (a) The more distance X is, the more the height of the shadow would increase.
 - (b) She could move the white screen closer to the wooden cube.
- (c) The light from the torch which travels in a straight line is blocked by the wooden cube which is opaque.
 - (d) 6cm
- Q40. (a air in the top part of the bottle gained heat from the flame and expans
- (b) He could put ice cubes into the inner glass, so that the glass will lose heat to the ice and contract.

Q41. (a) 2, 1, 3

- (b) She place all the thermometers at the same level into the boiling water so that it measures the temperature of the water.
- (c) Cup A. Cup A conducted heat from the water to the surrounding the slowest. This shows that cup A is a poor conductor of heat, showing that it would transfer heat the slowest and is thus suitable to store ice cubes.