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## SINGAPORE CHINESE GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)

### PRIMARY SIX PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT 2021

NAME:( )	DATE: 19 August 2021
CLASS: PRIMARY 6 SY / C / G / SE / P	Parent's Signature:

**SCIENCE** 

**BOOKLET A** 

28 questions

56 marks

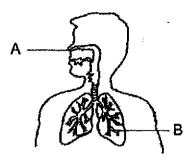
Total time for Booklets A & B: 1 h 45 min

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO. FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

### **Booklet A (56 marks)**

For each question from 1 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.

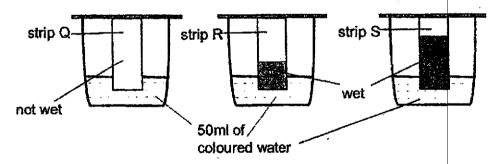
1. The diagram below shows the human respiratory system.



Which one of the following correctly states the functions of A and B during breathing?

Γ	A	В
(1)	Transports oxygen and carbon dioxide around the body	Controls the breathing rate of the body
(2)	Controls the breathing rate of the body	Allows air to enter and leave the body
(3)	Moistens the air before it enters the body	Transports oxygen and carbon dioxide around the body
(4)	Allows air to enter and leave the body	Carries out gaseous exchange

2. Angeline placed 3 strips, Q, R and S, made of different materials into 3 beakers each containing 50ml of coloured water. She left the strips in the beakers and observed them after 10 minutes.



Based on her observations, Angeline wrote the following statements.

- A; Q is waterproof.
- B: R absorbed more water than S.
- C: R is the most water absorbent material.
- D: Q is suitable to make raincoats.

Which of the statements above are correct?

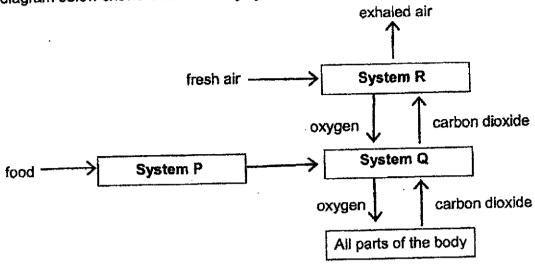
(1) A and D only

(3) A, B and C only

(2) B and C only

(4) A, C and D only

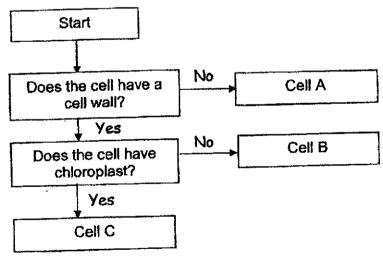
3. The diagram below shows 3 human body systems.



Which of the following correctly shows Systems P, Q and R?

System P	System Q	System R
digestive	circulatory	respiratory
respiratory	digestive	circulatory
skeletal	digestive	circulatory
digestive	circulatory	skeletal

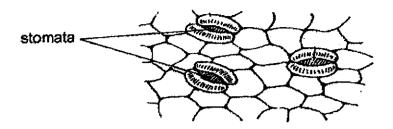
Jonathan identified 3 types of cells using the flowchart below.



Which of the following correctly identifies Cell A, B and C?

I A		
	Cell B Flower cell	Cheek cell
		Flower cell
		Leaf cell
		Leaf cell
	cell k cell k cell t cell	k cell Root cell k cell Root cell

5. The diagram below shows stomata on the surface of a leaf.



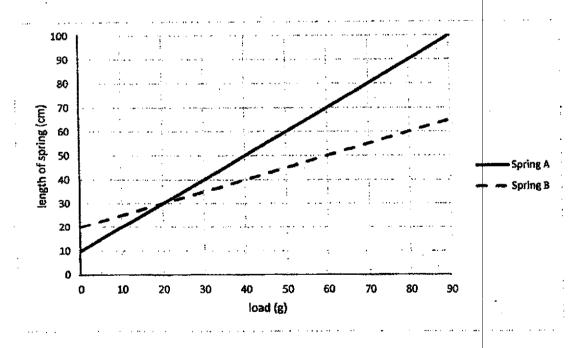
Which of the statements are true about stomata?

- A: They trap light for photosynthesis.
- B: They can be found on the underside of the leaf.
- C: They allow only carbon dioxide to enter the leaves.
- D: They allow gaseous exchange to take place with the surroundings.
- (1) A and C only

(3) A, C and D only

(2) B and D only

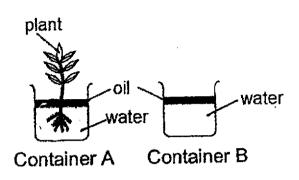
- (4) B, C and D only
- 6. Tannie hung different masses on 2 springs, A and B, one at a time. She recorded the length of the spring. Her results are shown in the graph below.



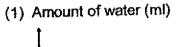
Which one of the following correctly represents the conclusion that Tannie can draw from this experiment?

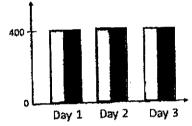
- (1) Spring A is stiffer than spring B.
- (2) Spring B can be stretched less than spring A with the same load.
- (3) The original length of spring B is shorter than spring A.
- (4) The extension of both spring A and spring B is the same when load is 20g.

Ashley set up the experiment below. She poured 400ml of water into 2 identical 7. containers, A and B. She placed a plant in container A. Then she poured a layer of oil on the surface of water in both containers. Both containers were left near an open window for 3 days. She recorded the amount of water in each container daily and showed the results in a bar graph.

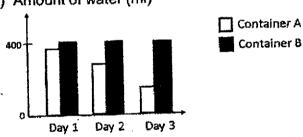


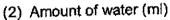
Based on the above experiment, which one of the following bar graphs shows the correct amount of water in each container at the end of each day?

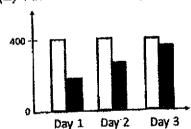




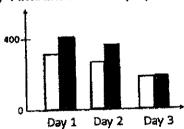
(3) Amount of water (ml)







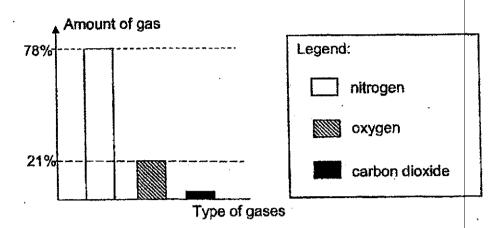
(4) Amount of water (ml)



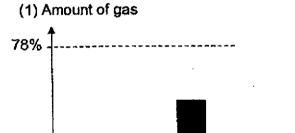
- Which of the following object/s has/have gravitational force acting on it? 8.
  - A: A balloon rising into the air
  - B: A man lying on the floor
  - C: A stone rolling down the hill
  - (1) A only
  - (2) Conly

- (3) A and C only
- (4) A, B and C

9. The graph below shows the amount of nitrogen, oxygen and carbon dioxide in the air that we breathe in.

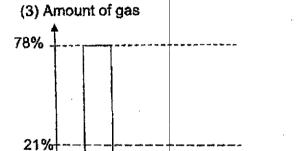


Which of the following graphs most likely shows the amount of these gases in the air that we breathe out?

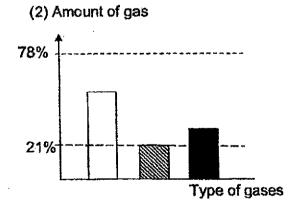


21%

Type of gases



Type of gases (4) Amount of gas



 Michelle carried out an experiment to find out the conditions required for seed germination. She prepared 4 set-ups, A, B, C and D. Each set-up contained 10 seeds placed on a petri dish. Each set-up was exposed to different conditions.

She recorded her observations after a few days in the table below.

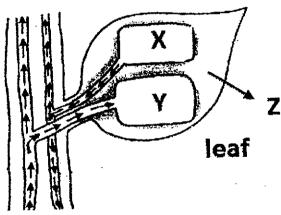
Set-up	Number of germinated seeds
A	0
B	0
<u>-</u>	10
<u> </u>	10

John saw Michelle's table and guessed the conditions of each set-up. Which 2 of his guesses are correct?

	Co	nditions present (	<u> </u>
Set-up	Warmth	Light	Water
Δ	- /		<u> </u>
	<b>1</b>	<b>/</b>	
B		<b>✓</b>	1
<u> </u>	ļ		7
D	<b>4</b>		1

- (1) A and C only
- (2) A and D only

- (3) B and C only
- (4) B and D only
- 11. The diagram below shows the movement of the substances X, Y and Z in a plant. Z is a substance that is given out by the plant.

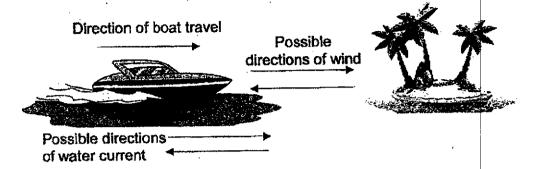


Which of the following shows the correct substances, X, Y and Z?

Y	Z
sugar	water vapour
	water vapour
	water droplets
	water droplets
	sugar water sugar water vapour

12. A boat is travelling towards an island. The boat encountered wind and water current during its journey to the island.

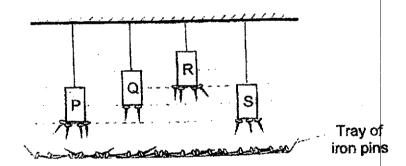
The possible directions of wind and water current are shown below.



What should the directions of water current and wind be if the boat is to reach the island in the shortest time?

Direction of water current	Direction of wind
	•
	•
4	

13. Linda hung 4 magnets, P, Q, R and S above a tray of identical iron pins as shown below.



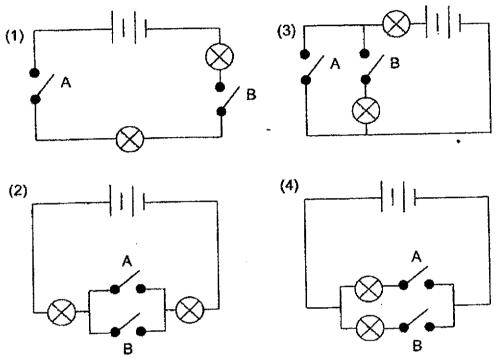
Which of the following conclusions is not possible to tell from the diagram above?

- (1) R is a stronger magnet than P.
- (2) P is a stronger magnet than S.
- (3) Q is a stronger magnet than S.
- (4) R is a stronger magnet than Q.

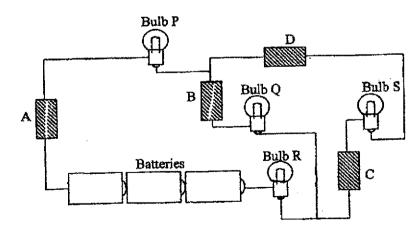
14. Emily set up and tested a circuit. She recorded the results in the table as shown below.

Switch A	Switch B	Number of lighted bulbs
Open	Open	0
Open	Closed	2
Closed	Open	2
Closed	Closed	2

Based on the table above, which one of the following circuits was set up by Emily?



15. The diagram below shows 4 objects, A, B, C and D which are connected to the circuit. Only Bulbs P, Q and R are lighted up. Which objects are definitely electrical conductors?

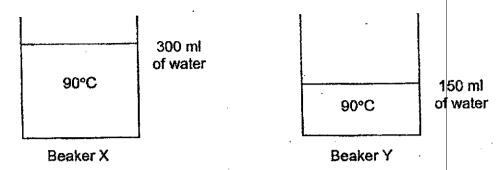


Which objects are definitely electrical conductors?

- (1) A and B only
- (2) A, B and C only

- (3) C and D only
- (4) All of the objects

16. 2 beakers containing different amounts of water were shown to Alex. May, Tom and Dave.



Below are the comments made by each person.

Alex: Water in beakers X and Y have the same amount of heat energy.

May: Water in beaker X has more heat energy than beaker Y's. Tom: Water in beaker Y has more heat energy than beaker X's.

Dave: Water in beaker Y is warmer than beaker X's.

Who has made the correct comment?

(1) Alex

(3) Tom

(2) May

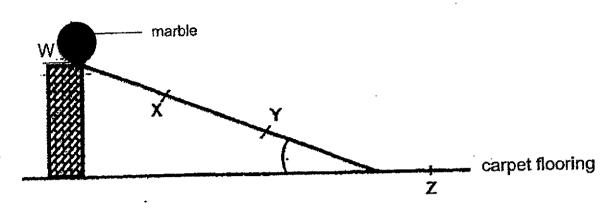
- (4) Dave
- 17. The table below shows the state of 4 substances, A, B, C and D, at different temperatures.

	State of substance at		
Substance	25°C	45°C	70°C
Α	Liquid	Liguid	Liquid
В	Solid	Liquid	Liquid
С	Solid	Liquid	Gas
D	Solid	Solid	Solid

Which one of the following statements is definitely correct?

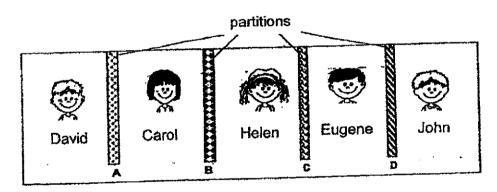
- (1) The boiling point of Substance C is 70°C.
- (2) The freezing point of Substance B is 45°C.
- (3) Substance A has the lowest melting point.
- (4) Substance D has the lowest freezing point.

18. A marble was released from Point W as shown in the diagram below. The marble rolled down the slope, moved along the carpet flooring and stopped at Point Z.



Which one of the following statements is correct?

- (1) The marble no potential energy at Points X and Y.
- (2) The marble has more kinetic energy at Point Y than at Point X.
- (3) The marble would have rolled further if the marble is released at Point X instead of from Point W.
- (4) The marble has the least potential energy at W.
- 19. The diagram below shows the children in a room separated by 4 partitions made of different materials.



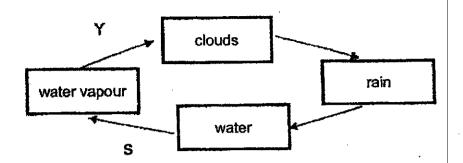
The following observations were made:

- John can only see Eugene.
- Helen can see Carol clearly but Helen is not sure who is beside Carol.

What materials could the partitions be made of?

A	В	C	. D	
Tracing paper	Clear glass	Wood	Clear glass	
		Tracing paper	Clear glass	
		Wood	Clear glass	
		Clear glass	Tracing paper	
	A Tracing paper Tracing paper Clear glass Wood	Tracing paper Wood Clear glass Tracing paper	Tracing paper Wood Tracing paper Clear glass Tracing paper Wood	

20. Study the diagram of the water cycle as shown below.



Which one of the following statements about the water cycle are correct?

- A: At process S, the water gains heat from the surroundings.
- B: At process S, the water loses heat to the surroundings.
- C: At process Y, the water vapour gains heat from the surroundings.
- D: At process Y, the water vapour loses heat to the surroundings.
- (1) A and C

(3) B and C

(2) A and D

(4) B and D

21. Liz used 3 similar plants, P, Q and R, to investigate how light intensity would affect the amount of sugar produced by plants. A leaf of similar size from each plant was plucked and tested for starch using iodine solution. Iodine will turn dark blue when in contact with starch.

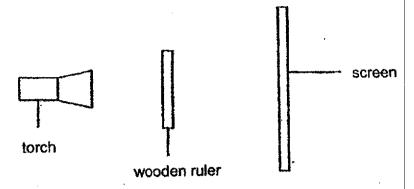
The results of the starch test of each leaf is shown in the table below.

Leaf from Plant		Observations
Р	lodine solution on most parts of the leaf turned dark blue	lodine turned dark blue
Q	Small spots of iodine solution on the leaf turned dark blue	lodine turned dark blue
R	lodine solution on some parts of the leaf turned dark blue	lodine turned dark blue

Based on the observations, deduce the most likely light intensity each plant was exposed to.

Li	ght intensitiy (units	s)
Р	Q	R
700	1300	2000
1300	700	2000
2000	1300	700
2000	700	1300

# 22. Kathleen carried out an experiment using the set-up as shown below.



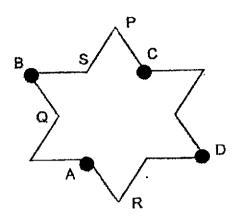
She carried out the experiment by following the steps as listed below.

Step 1	Switch on the torch.
Step 2	Measure the height of the shadow cast by the wooden ruler on the screen.
Step 3	Move the screen 5 cm further away from the torch.
Step 4	Measure the height of the shadow cast by the wooden ruler on the screen.
Step 5	Move the screen 10 cm further away from the torch.
Step 6	Measure the height of the shadow cast by the wooden ruler on the screen.

Kathleen wanted to find out how the size of the shadow cast is affected by

- (1) the brightness of the torch
- (2) the thickness of the wooden ruler
- (3) the distance between the wooden ruler and the screen
- (4) the distance between the torch and the wooden ruler

23. A, B, C and D are blobs of wax on a piece of copper wire shaped in a star shape. When the copper wire was strongly heated at a certain point, the blobs of wax begin to melt in the order of B, C, A and D.



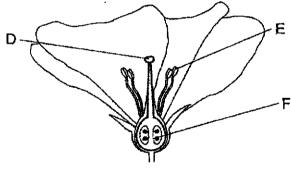
At which point, P, Q, R or S was the wire heated?

(1) P

(3) R

(2) Q

- (4) S
- 24. The diagram below shows the cross-sectional view of a flower.



Process Z is needed for both plant and human reproduction.

Which part(s) of the flower does Process Z take place in?

(1) D only

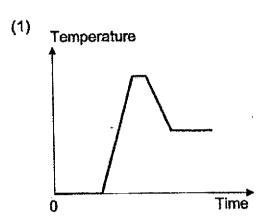
(3) D and F only

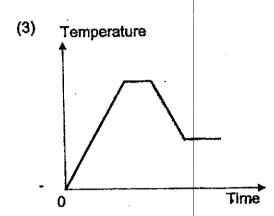
(2) Fonly

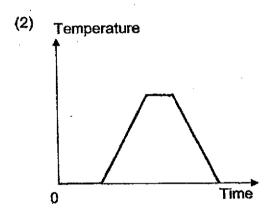
(4) E and F only

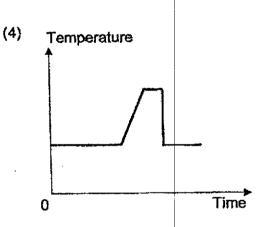
25. Jeslyn heated a beaker of ice on a burner. The ice melted completely and after some time, the water in the beaker started to boil. After that, she switched off the stove to let the water cool to room temperature.

Which one of the following graphs most likely represents the changes in temperature of the water in the beaker based on what Jeslyn did?

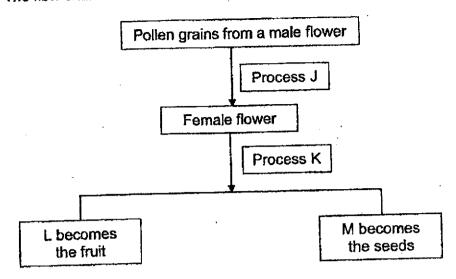








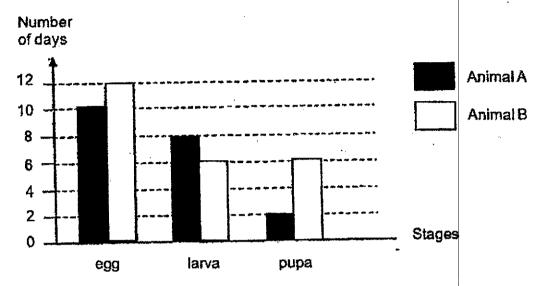
26. The flow chart below shows the reproduction process in flowering plants.



Which one of the following correctly represents J, K, L and M?

Process		Parts of	a flower
JK		L	M
Seed dispersal	Fertilisation	Ovules	Ovary
Seed dispersal	Germination	Ovules	Ovary
Pollination	Fertilisation	Ovary	Ovules
Pollination	Germination	Ovary	Ovules

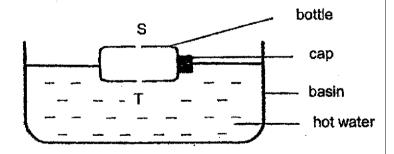
27. The graph below shows the number of days for each stage of the life cycles of animals A and B.



Which one of the following shows the stages that animals A and B would be on the 7th day after the eggs have hatched?

Animal A	Animal B
Pupa	Pupa
 Pupa	Larva
 Larva	Larva
Larva	Pupa

28. Clarisse placed an empty bottle with 2 holes at points S and T into a basin of hot water as shown below.



Which of the following would Clarisse observe after some time?

- A: The bottle sinks to the bottom of the basin.
- B: The water level in the basin will remain the same.
- C: Water entered the bottle through T.
- (1) A and C

(3) A and B

(2) B and C

(4) A, B and C

	L	L	L	

# SINGAPORE CHINESE GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY) PRIMARY SIX PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT 2021

NAME:(	)	DATE: <u>19 August 2021</u>
CLASS: PRIMARY 6 SY / C / G / SE / F	•	Parent's Signature:
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# SCIENCE

#### **BOOKLET B**

	Total Actual Marks	Total Possible Marks
Booklet A		56
Booklet B		44
Total		100

12 questions

44 marks

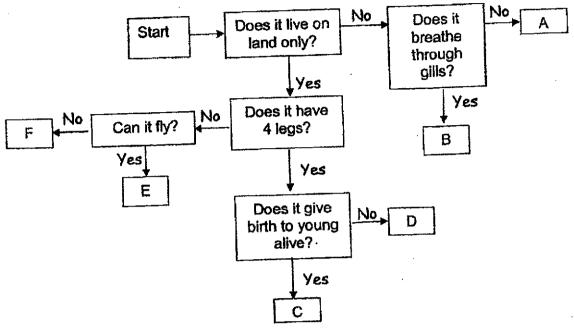
Total time for Booklets A & B: 1 h 45 min

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO. FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

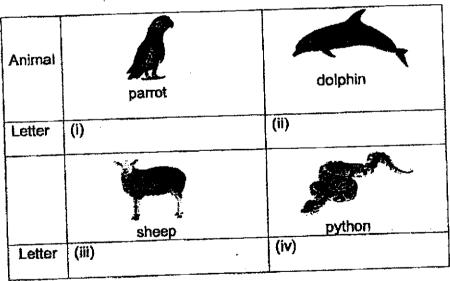
## Part II (44 marks)

Answer all the following questions

29. Study the flowchart below. Letters A to F represent different animals.

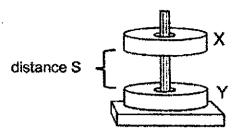


(a) Fill in the blanks with the letters (A, B, C, D, E or F) that best represent each of the following animals below.



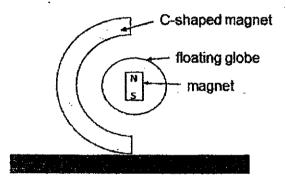
(b) Based on the flowchart above, state a difference between Animals D and E. [1m]

Jiajia placed 2 identical ring magnets, X and Y, through a wooden red. She
observed that the magnets were at a distance S away from each other as
shown below.



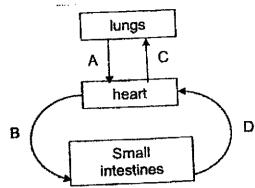
(a)	Explain why Magnets X and Y were at a distance away from each				

(b) A toy below is made up of a C-shaped magnet and a globe floating in the middle.

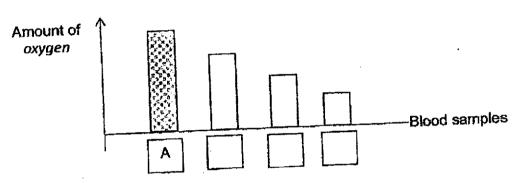


(i)	Name the forces acting on the floating globe.	[1m
(ii)	Describe what happens if a heavier globe is used.	[1m]

31. The diagram below shows how blood flows in the human body.



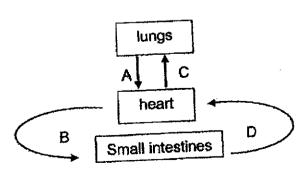
(a) The graph below shows the amount of oxygen in the blood sample taken from A. Indicate the amount of oxygen in the blood taken from B, C and D by filling in the boxes in the graph below.



(b) Based on the diagram, compare the amounts of carbon dioxide and digested food in A, B, C and D by ticking (✓) True or False in the table below. [2m]

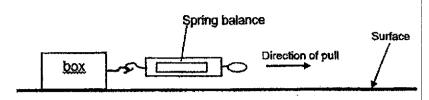
		True	False
:	Statements		
(i)	B has more carbon dioxide compared to A.		
	D has more carbon dioxide compared to b.		
*****	D has more digested food compared to D.		
(iii)	D has more digested food compared to C.		<u> </u>
(iv)	D has more digested tood some		

(c) In the diagram below, add 2 arrows to show how blood flows to and from the [1m] legs.



B-4

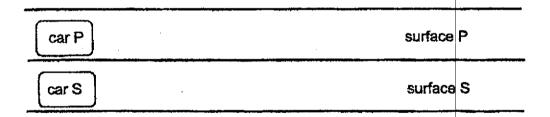
32. Sandy conducted the experiment shown below where she pulled a box horizontally across different floor surfaces, P, Q, R, and S. When the box started to move, the reading on the spring balance was recorded. The table below shows the results for the different surfaces.



Type of floor surfaces	Reading on spring balance (N)
P	20
Q	15
R	18
S	36

(a)	What is the aim of the experiment?	[1m]

(b) Sandy and her friend conducted a toy car race. They placed 2 identical cars, P and S, on the surfaces P and S. The cars started off at the same speed. Car P was moving on Surface P while car S was moving on Surface S as shown below.



Which car, P or S, would come to a stop first? Explain your answer	r. [2m]
	······································
· ·	
,	

33(a) In the box below, draw a circuit diagram by using symbols given below.

bulb	switch	battery	wire
$\otimes$	•		

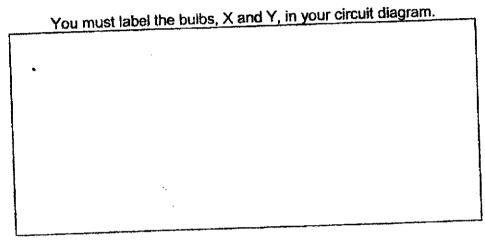
The circuit is made up of:

- 1 battery
- 2 switches
- 2 bulbs, X and Y

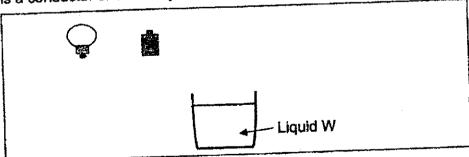
The circuit	must	he	able	to	meet	the	following	conditions
1116 Oll Chir	111001				• -		muitab is	closed

[2m]

- 1. Bulb X can light up if only one switch is closed.
- 2. Bulb Y will only light up if both switches are closed.

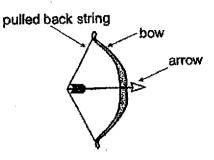


- (b) Jane is not sure if liquid W can conduct electricity.
- (i) Draw the wires to show how the circuit can be connected to find out if liquid W is a conductor of electricity.

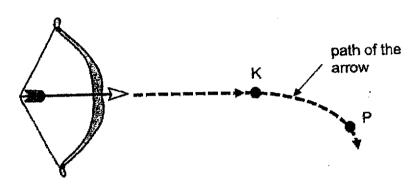


(ii) What must Jane observe in order to conclude that Liquid W is a conductor of electricity? [1m]

34. Dolly was shooting an arrow using a bow below.



Dolly observed that when the string of the bow was pulled back and released, the arrow travelled in the path as shown below.



- (a) State the source of energy that allowed the arrow to move towards position K. [1m]
- (b) What force caused the arrow to move downwards after K? [1m]
- (c) Dolly thought that using a heavier arrow would cause the arrow to travel further.

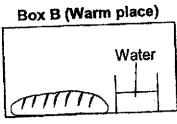
  Do you agree with her? Explain your reason.

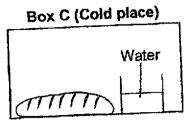
  [1m]



35. Ben placed 3 similar loaves of bread in 3 identical sealed boxes filled with air. He placed boxes A and B in a warm place and box C in a cold place. Substance X absorbs water from the surroundings.

B	ox A (Warm place)	
	Substance X	
В	read	
1	Tr(I)	



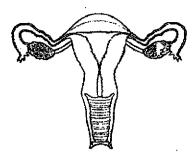


After 3 days, which box will have bread with the most mould? Explain.

(c) Ben had a leather jacket in his cupboard. He took it out and found that it had turned mouldy.

Suggest 2 things Ben could do to prevent his jacket from turning mouldy. [2m]

36. The diagram below shows the female reproductive system.



(a)	in the	diagram	above,
-----	--------	---------	--------

(i)	label the part where female sex cells are found as 'P
-----	---

[1m]

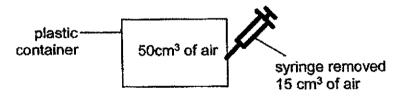
(ii) circle the part where a fertilised egg will develop.

[1m]

(b) Due to a medical condition, one of Judy's ovaries was removed. Can fertilisation still take place? Explain your answer.

[1m]

37. Catherine had a plastic container which held 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of air. She used a syringe to remove 15 cm<sup>3</sup> of air from the plastic container as shown in below.



(a) What was the volume of air in the container after the air was removed? [1m
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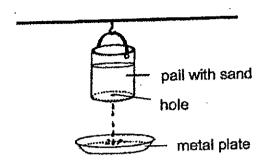
Volume of air remaining in the container: \_\_\_\_\_ cm<sup>2</sup>

\_\_\_\_

(b) State the property of air that you used for answer (a). [1m]

(c) Did the mass of the container increase, decrease or remain the same after air was removed? Give a reason for your answer. [1m]

38. Shawn filled a pail with sand and hung it above a metal plate. A hole was made at the base of the pail for the sand to drip out. As the sand hit the metal plate, a sound could be heard.



	State the energy changes which took place when the sand fro onto the metal plate.	m the pail dripped [1m]
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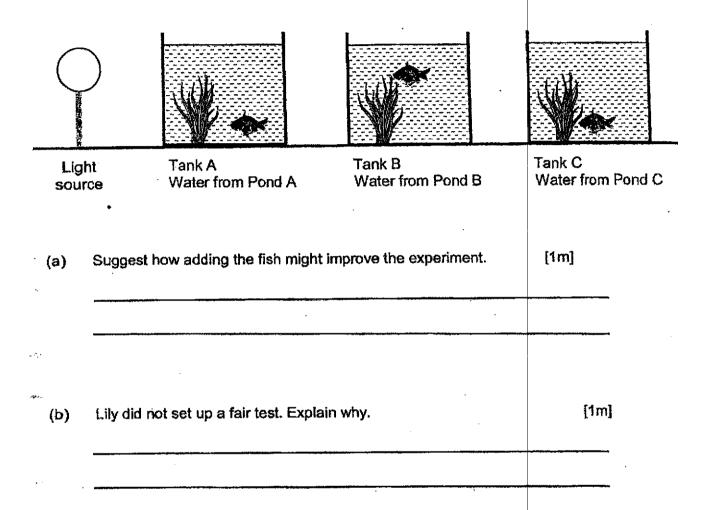
		<b>-</b>
energy	• energy	energy
		+
		energy

(b)	Explain how enlarging the hole caused the sound to become louder.	[2m]

(c)	Without adding any other apparatus to the set-up above, suggest anothe thing Shawn can do to make the sound louder.	r [1m]
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39. Lily wanted to investigate how the clarity of water affects the rate of photosynthesis in plants. She placed similar water plants and fish into 3 identical tanks A, B and C, as shown below. Each tank was filled with 3 litres of water from different ponds, A, B and C.

A light source was placed near the tanks as shown below. The other lights were switched off in the dark room.



Please continue Q39 on page B-12.

30(~)	Using exactly the same apparatus, draw and label how you can arrange	
• •	the apparatus to make it a fair test in the space below.	[1m]
	The original arrangement has been drawn as a reference.	

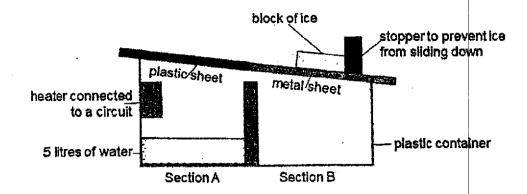
Original Arrangement	Light Source	Tank A	Tank B	Tank C
New Arrangement to ensure fair test		•	•	

(d) After making the changes so that her experiment was fair, Lily recorded the results of her experiment in the table below.

Amount of Oxygen/ units	Tank A	Tank B	Tank C
At the start	6	6	6
After 2 hours	12	18	14
After 5 hours	23	33	25

Which pond has the clearest water that allows the most light to participate the property of th	ass through? [2m]
	<del></del>

40. Jazzy set up the experiment as shown below.



When she switched on the heater, 0.5 litres of water was collected in Section B of the plastic container after 3 hours.

(a)	State the process which took place in Section A and Section B.	[1m]
	Section A:	
	Section B:	
(b)	Explain the purpose of the heater.	[1m]
ta Sa San San		
(c)	Explain why a metal sheet was used in section B instead of using plas	tic? [1m
(d)	Explain why more water is collected if the heater is placed in the water	r. [2m]

End of Booklet B

B - 13

^ )	:: Pri 6 SY/C/G/SE/P 2021 SCGS PRI 6 SCIENCE PRELIMINARY EXAMS	2 3 4 26 3	3	2 23 4 28 1	2	2 255 1		d Answers	(iii) Sheep- C (iv) python - F	not.	Like poles of magnet facing each other, so they repel.	gravity and magnetic force	B D C	pared to A. / True False pared to B. / Asert to D. / Asert to C. / Asert to C. / Asert to C.	sgel sgmul	heart
^ )	RELIMINARY EXA	4 26	3 27	4 28	2	-		Inswers	(iv)	ıt,	other, so they repel.	and magnetic force lower	٥		1   1   1 - 1	<u> </u>
	6 SY/C/G/SE/P SCGS PRI 6 SCIENCE PI	11. 2 16.	12, 2 17.	13, 3 18,	14, 2 19,	15. 1 20.		Suggested Answers	(ii) Dolphin - A	Animal D has 4 legs but E does not.	f magnet facing each o	Gravitational force/ gravity and n The globe will drop / move lower	A (given) B	Statements  B has more carbon dioxide compared to A D has more carbon dioxide compared to B has more digested food compared to D. D has more digested food compared to C.	stdal	A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C
	Class: Pri 6 SY/C 2021 SCGS	4 8-3 2	1 7. 3	1 8. 4	3 9.	2 10. 4	4m)		(i) parrot – E	Animal D ha	Like poles of	(i) Grav		(ii) B has (iv) D has (iv) D has	ō	
Name:	Class:   20 	_	2,	ю́	4	ហ	Part 2 (44m)	NS.	29a	29b	30a	30p	31a	316		0

	32a 32b	To find out if different surfaces affects the amount of fric Jonal force.  Car Swill stop first as Surface S is rougher than Surface P so
		it has more frictional force /more friction between the car and the surface.
	33a	<ul> <li>One switch must be in series with BULB Y</li> <li>One switch must be in series with the battery</li> <li>Bulbs are in parallel (no switch in series with X)</li> </ul>
		Example:
-	33b	(ii) The bulb lights up
	•	W Liquid W
	34a	Stretched string /pulled-back string/ pulled string
	34b	The gravitational force / gravity pulled it down/ dow twards to P.
	34c	No. A heavier arrow means more gravitational force julling it down, so it will travel a shorter distance.
		OR No. A heavier arrow needs to pull back the arrow respect to the property can be converted to more directions.
	35a	It makes it fair as the amount of air in the boxes will affect the results of the experiment, thus the amount/ volume of a r in the
	35b	B. B is warmer than C, and B has more moisture than / (0.5m)
		OR B has (air), warmth and moisture but A doesn't have moisture and C doesn't have warmth.
	350	Any 2 suggestions: He could pack his jacket in a plastic bag and put Substance X.

							•							
He could pack his jacket in a plastic bag and remove the alr (vacuum-pack) the bag. He could place the jacket in a cold/cool place/ refrigerator/ cold store		Part P [Either one]	Yes. The other ovary can still produce/release eggs.	50	Air has no definite/ fixed volume. Not accepted 'Air can be compressed' (not applicable to scenario given)	Decrease. Air has mass and when some air has been removed there will be less air and thus less mass in the	container.	(gravitational) potential energy → kIn.		When the hole is bigger, more sand will drip/fall. More sand will have more mass and have more kinetic energy which is converted to more sound energy to make a louder sound.	Raise the pall higher	OR Increase distance between the hole/ pail/ sand container and the plate/ floor.	<how adding="" experiment?="" fish="" improved="" the=""> - must show</how>	comparison Fish can provide more / increase carbon dioxide for more/faster photosynthesis.
	36a	<b>EE</b>	36b	37a	37b	37c		200	S S S	38b	380		39a	

OR The plants in different tanks did not teculus the table some amount of light  Any arrangement showing equal distances between light and each of the 3 tanks clearly.  Cuistances between light and each tank must be the same>  B. The plant in B received the most light to carry oul the most fastest photosynthesis to produce the most cavgen most fastest photosynthesis to produce the most cavgen.  40a Section A: Evaporation Section B: Condensation OR Water vapour can become hotter that it can condense more faster (on the metal sheet later).  Note: Difference between 'water' and 'water vapour'  Note: Difference between 'water' and 'water vapour'  AND  Thus water yapour can lose heat more faster (to shi et/lice) to condense faster.  - Comparison on heat gain by water (when heater was n water and outside water)  - resulting in faster / more evaporation  - producing more water vapour  - allowing for more condensation into water droplets  Example  If heater is in the water, the water can gain more heat is an interest in the water is ontside water so the water is an evaporate faster than when heater is outside water so the water is an evaporate faster to produce more water vapour. He noe more water will be collected in Section B as there is my rewater vapour condensed into water droplets
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