

#### NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL MID-YEAR EXAMINATION - 2006 English Language Primary 6

Total time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 50 minutes	<del></del>	
Name:( )	Booklet A	30
Class: Primary 6	Booklet B	65
Date: 8 May 2006	Total	95
	Parent's/Signatu	ıro

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

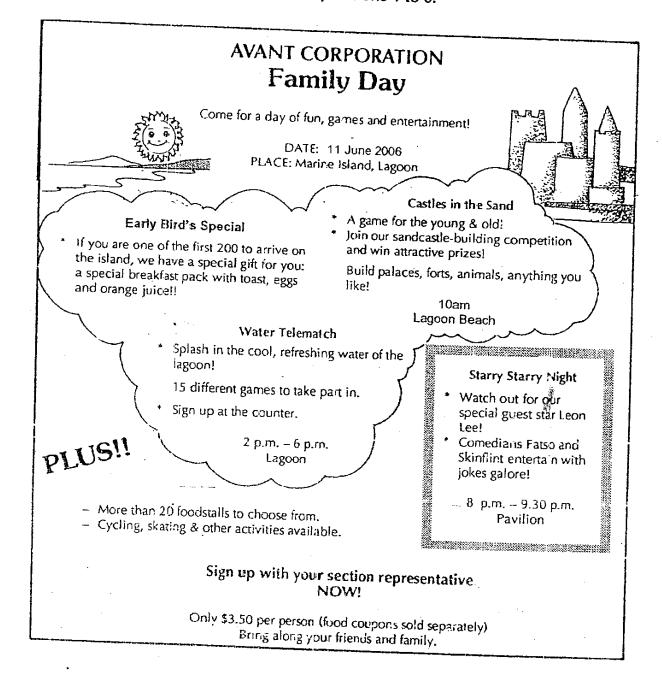
Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so.
Follow all instructions carefully. Answer all questions.

Section B – Grammar (7 x 1) marks

For each question from 6 to 12, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the corresponding oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).

6. If Peter chooses to play truant, he to face the consequence					es.	
	1) has 3) had	2)	will have would have	,	(	)
7.	The scientist, (together with he the project.	řs resea	arch team)	more than f	ive ye	ars on
	<ul><li>1) spend</li><li>3) have spent</li></ul>		has spent is spending		(	)
8.	You spend more to bring you up.	e time•v	with your parents. After	er all, they work	ced sc	hard
	1) could 3) should		ought would		(	)
9.	Mr Tan the fence his hard work.	e <u>the w</u> i	nole morning when a	heavy downpo	our <u>rui</u> i	ned all
	has painted     has been painting	2) 4)	had painted had been painting		(	)
10.	The teacher telephoned Mrs (home from school as soon as	Chew to possibl	ask her to e since she was unw	her daughte	er, Joy	ce,
	1) fetch 3) take		bring send		(	)
11.	By the time the policemen arri	ved (the	robbers	_ the scene of	the cr	ime.)
	1) leave 3) left	2)	have left had left		(	)
12.	If you had known about the inc	ident ea	arlier, what	you		?
	1) will do 3) would do	2)	did do would have done		(	)

# Section A – Graphic-Stimulus Comprehension ( $5 \times 1$ ) marks Study the following poster and answer questions 1 to 5.



For each question, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice and shade the corresponding oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).

1.	Fro	m the information in the poster on page 2, the event is targeted a	at	
	1) 2) 3) 4)	All employees of Avant Corporation Employees of Avant Corporation and their family Employees of Avant Corporation and their friends Employees of Avant Corporation and their friends and family	(	)
2.	Whi	ch of these statements is true?		
	1) 2) 3) 4)	The comedians will entertain the crowd at the Pavilion. The first 200 to register will get a special breakfast pack. Food coupons are sold at \$3.50 each: The themes for the sandcastle-building competition are palace animals.	es, forts a	and )
3.	The	Water Telematch will take place		,
	1) 2) 3) 4)	in the morning at noon in the afternoon at night		
			(	)
4.	Mrs I	Lim and her six-year-old grandson should participate in they want to have fun and win prizes.		
	1) 2) 3) 4)	Carly Bird's Special Castles in the Sand Water Telematch Starry Starry Night	,	
5.	Thio -		<b>,</b> .	)
0.		poster should probably be found		1
	1) 2) 3)	in the daily newspapers at Marine Island Lagoon on the potice board in Arran Co.		· · · .
	4)	on the notice board in Avant Corporation in a family magazine	(	)

Section C - Punctuation Discrete (3 x 1) marks

For each question from 13 to 15, choose the correct punctuation to complete the passage. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.

"Don't move (13) Terry intoned calmly.

"Why? What is it (14) Anna gasped.

Terry gently picked the ladybird off Anna's shoulder.

"Squash it (15) I hate bugs!" Anna was almost hysterical.

"No, ladybirds are harmless," said Terry as he gently released the ladybird into the bushes.

13)	1) 2) 3) 4)	[!"] exclamation mark and inverted commas [,"] comma and inverted commas [?"] question mark and inverted commas [."] full stop and inverted commas	(	
14)	1) 2) 3) 4)	[,"] comma and inverted commas [."] full stop and inverted commas [?"] question mark and inverted commas [!"] exclamation mark and inverted commas	1889	)
15)	1) 2) 3) 4)	[,] comma [?] question mark [] full stop [!] exclamation mark	l	)

Section D – Vocabulary ( $5 \times 1$ ) marks
For each question from 16 to 20, one-of the four options is the correct answer. Make your choice and shade the corresponding oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer

16.	The	wrecked car had to be lifted before the driver could be	_	
	1) 2) 3) 4)	evacuated excavated extricated extracted	(	)
17.	Anyc court	one caught the animals in this nature reserve will be ch	arge	ni b
	1) 2) 3) 4)	stalking encroaching culling poaching	(	)
18.	The snow	expedition to the top of the mountain wasby storm.	the	heavy
	1) 2) 3) 4)	forbidden impeded forsook impaired	(	)
19.	Jeren	ny was elated when his teacher him for his honesty.		
	1) 2) 3) 4)	complemented commemorated complimented commented	(	)
20.	Mr Wand hi	ong has been asked to handle this project because he always _ is boss is confident that he can succeed.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1) 2) 3) 4)	puts his foot down puts his foot in it puts the cart before the horse puts his shoulders to the wheels	(	)

## Section E - Vocabulary Cloze (5 x 1) marks

For each question from 21 to 25, choose the word closest in meaning to the underlined word(s). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.

Walk to the nearest pond and you will see 'darning needles' buzzing (21)quickly from one spot to another. These graceful dragonflies feed on insects. They catch their prey with their feet as they (22)move lightly across the surface of the pond. Dragonflies are colourful creatures. They come in different (23)shades of blue, green, yellow and even black.

Female dragonflies lay eggs either in water or on the leaves of water plants. Here, the eggs are in a (24)vulnerable situation. Frogs, fish and other predators swim about hungrily. The dragonfly nymph that (25)comes out from the egg looks very different from the adult. Eventually, after four years, the nymph becomes an adult. Then, the matured adults will continue the cycle.

21.	1) 2) 3) 4)	swiftly steadily gracefully effortlessly		(	)
22.	1) 2) 3) 4)	scan skate slide skim	, mention on the	(	)
23.	1) 2) 3) 4)	colours hues extent degrees		. (	)
24.	1) 2) 3) 4)	defensive deprived delicate dependable	·	(	)
25.	1) 2) 3) 4)	appears emerges develops arises		(	)

# Section F - Comprehension MCQ (5 x 1) marks Read the given passage below and answer questions 26 to 30.

Littering is a problem all over the world. It is not the problem of developing countries. Even some of the most highly beveloped countries in the world have their share of litterbugs in the copulation.

Nobody really knows why people litter although people are fully aware that the only purpose littering serves, is to dirty the environment they live in. Some have suggested that it is because of a lack of rubbish bins. This is, however, not true. Numerous rubbish bins have been conveniently put in prominent places in parks and other recreational facilities. The problem of littering still exists in many areas of Singapore. Others have suggested that littering is unintentional. People do not really want to litter but simply forget that they have left some items behind. While this may happen occasionally, it is not a valid reason for those individuals who have been caught littering repeatedly.

I feel that littering arises from a number of reasons. One of these is laziness. Some of us are simply too lazy to walk the few steps to the next rubbish bin. We feel that it will not matter if we leave one cup or a piece of paper behind. However, if we pause for a moment and think about it, it really does matter. If the four million people in Singapore all think the same way and start leaving their rubbish at the most convenient place, the island would be overrun with litter in no time at all.

The government has tried to control this problem. Littering is an offence in Singapore and heavy fines are imposed on those caught in the act. The government has also conducted anti-attering campaigns to make the public more aware of the littering problem. However, this failed to effectively stamp out littering and the government has recently imposed a new set of laws in the hope of changing the situation. The fines have been increased and repeat effenders are issued Corrective Work Orders. Such offenders will have to clean up selected areas in full view of the public. It is hoped that this will make the offenders realize the inconvenience they have caused by littering. The government also hopes that this will make potential litterbugs think twice about littering.

5

10

15

20

25

For each question from 26 to 30, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Choose the correct answer and shade the corresponding oval on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

26.	According to the writer, which one of the following is <u>not</u> likely to be a reason following?						
	1) 2) 3) 4)	There is a lack of rubbish bins in public places.  People forget to clear the unwanted things.  People are lazy to throw the litter in the rubbish bins.  People think that a small piece of litter will not dirty the environn	nent.(	)			
27.	The	word *prominent" in line 7 means					
	1) 2) 3) 4)	important specially chosen suitable easily seen	(	)			
28.	The	"selected areas" (line 25) are picked probably because they	, are	places			
	1) 2) 3) 4)	which are big and vast where there are many people which are difficult to clean which are far away	(	)			
29.	The	word "this" (line 26) refers to					
	1) 2) 3) +)	imposing heavy fines conducting anti-littering campaigns passing a new set of laws issuing Corrective Work Orders	(	)			
30.	Accor	rding to the information in the text, which of the following statement	s is tr	ue?			
	1) 2) 3)	Littering is more common in developing countries.  Litterbugs know that they dirty their environment.  Stricter laws can stop littering effectively.	- ,5 11	:			
	4)	Corrective Work Order is the most effective penalty.	(	- )			

#### NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL MID-YEAR EXAMINATION – 2006 ENGLISH LANGUAGE PRIMARY 6

65

Name:				
		(	)	Classy British
Section G - G There are 10 t in the box, ch	irammar Cloze (	10 x 1) marks d 31 to 40 in the	passage belo	Class: Primary 6 w. From the list of words and write its letter ( A to n marking.
Use each word	d only ONCE.		•	
X) a	<b>⋈</b> by	≫) and	⊠ off	N near
	while	) the	∯ that	况) when
Ø for	₹ along	y in	M) their	🕱 during
hales fast 33	bac	k, a circuit of alm the entire round	nost 19 300 kilo d trip, <u>living</u> fo	metres. Remarkably, the almost eight months
The set of	Internal fat and I	he food stored in		<b>,</b> -
The whale	es must leave the	Arctic before it	freezes; 35)	cets of blubber.
ecies depends	layer of the pregnant	Arctic before it if for the following for the formula for the	freezes; 35) oer, would die: 37)	Calves, born Thus, the survival of the
pecies depends	ayer of the pregnant  y January or Febr	e Arctic before it in f protective blubb cows' reaching truary, when most	freezes; 35) per, would die. 37) of the calves ar	cets of blubber.  ———————————————————————————————————
Decies depends  aja Peninsula by  The entire	layer of the pregnant  y January or Febrory  grey-whale popu	e Arctic before it in f protective blubb cows' reaching : ruary, when most tration seems to i	freezes; 35) per, would die.* 37) of the calves ar know instinctive	cets of blubber.  calves, born Thus, the survival of the warm lagoons of the e born.
The entire	layer of on the pregnant of the pregnant of the pregnant of February or February or February whale population females extended the way. The	e Arctic before it in force of the force of	freezes; 35) per, would die: 37) of the calves are know instinctive st sense of unopregnant cows	cets of blubber.  calves, born  Thus, the survival of the  warm lagoons of the e born.

Section H – Editing for Spelling and Grammar ( 10 x 1 ) marks
Correct each word in bold for spelling and each underlined word for grammar. Write the correct word in the relevant box.

	<b></b>
It had been Albert's idea to climb the mountain. He had be	41)
and production the flad be	en the most enthucestic
about the expedition, as he wanted to put into practize what he ha	43) ad learnt <u>of</u> his Adventure
Camp.	
The mountain top/s in sight. The journy had have	46)
The mountain top is in sight. The journy had been dangero	ous, everyone was tyred
and a few had blisters on their feet. The <u>clirnbing</u> was steep and y	ve stumbled along. The
guide encouraged us along say that we were close.	
,	
After two trying hours, we eventually reached the top. We sa	aw a precipice below as
49)	
well. We prided of the fact that we had made it to the top successfi	50)
each other and savoured the victorious moment.	

#### Section I – Comprehension Cloze (15 x 1) marks Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

	-Monke	eys see,	monke)	/s/ do.	' This	old	saying	has	а	lot of
51)_			infitA	fonkeys_	are great	imitator	s. They	copy ma	anv thir	nas that
							•	. ,	,	·9•
		scientists,			Beatrice	Gard	dner,	knew	this	about
53)_		·	They	wanted	lo teach	a mon!	key to "	talk". Mo	onkeys	do not
have	the same	e kind of vo	ocalachords	as peo	ole. They	are 54)		-	,	able
to rea	ally "talk".	. 55)	· · · · · ·	,	Allen and	l Beatric	e thou	that n	nonkev	e confq
		ın Sign Lar								
way (	deaf peo <sub>l</sub>	ple in North	America	.∗ COMmun	icate In t	he sian	Janaus			a
58)	,	7)	<b>.</b>	G	aruners .	knew t	hai a	monkey	could	learn
00)		· · · · · ·						4		
		e, a n								
59)			Wash	oe lived	in the La	aborator	y wher	e Allen	and B	eatrice
		<del></del>								
used.										
	61)			ihe time	Washoe v	was five	e, she c	ould use	over 8	0 ASL
62)		··								
<u>Indee</u>	<u>d</u> , there	₩as a dog	barking o	utside 60	3)			Wash	ne co:	ild not
see it.					anin				00 000	<u>zia Tiot</u>
	Allen an	d Béatrice	are/piroud	of Wash	noe's acc	oninlish	mente	Otheres	أمما أمما	:
64)	,			•						
Sign	Languag	A Salant			gorilla na					
_	Languay	je. Scienti:	ors <u>agree</u>	that i	t is exc	citing to	o be	able to	"talk"	with
65)			.•							

Section J - Synthesis / Transformation		
Sociolis - Synthesis / Transformation	1/5 0 1	
For guestie - as	LLUXZIMa	irks

For questions 66 to 70, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in one sentence. The meaning of the sentence must be the same as the given one(s).

Listening to the radio	
<u> </u>	
The man is my uncle. You were talking to him.	
whom_	
f it does not rain, the football match will be on.	
Unless	
Ithough Nancy was blind, she could play the piano.	
spite	
rs Lee told her children, "You must tidy up your room night."	before the guests arriv
rs Lee told her children	

# Section K - Comprehension (10 x 2) marks

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

Pip was an orphan. His real name was Pirrip Philips but the villagers found it much easier to call him by his nickname. He lived with his sister, Mrs Gargery, and her husband, Joe, in a little cottage facing the sea.

One day, when Pip was indulging in his favourite past-time - running along the wild and craggy coast - he was suddenly confronted by an apparition in black. Although it was broad daylight, Pip was nearly faint with terror. He was about to make his escape when a hand reached out and grabbed him by the scruff of his neck. Only then did Pip realize that what he had seen was not a ghost but a man. His clothes were all caked with mud, and he had the weary, hunted look of a fugitive.

"Look here, boy, can you get me something to eat?" the many croaked in a 10. rasping voice. He sounded like he had not drunk water for days.

"No, sir, I mean, yes, sir," siuttered Pip, "but you have to let/me go first, sir."

After making Pip promise to bring him food and water, the man released him. Once he was back in the village, Pip's suspicions were confirmed. The whole village was talking about the criminal who had escaped from the prison the night before. The police were hunting high and low for this man who was called Magwitch.

Pip felt very sorry for Magwitch and decided to bring him sustenance even though he was a criminal. He did so for the next few days and Magwitch gradually regained his strength. Then one day, Magwitch was not waiting at the coast any ionger.

As time passed, Pip gradually forgot about the prisoner on the coast. One day, a lawyer came to visit Pip. He told Pip that a rich man had taken a fancy(to) him and was willing to provide him with an education in Lendon, on the condition that Pip would not try to find out who his benefactor was. Naturally, Pip jumped at the chance.

Throughout his studies, Pip constantly wondered about the identity of his mysterious benefactor. It was only when he was twenty-one that the lawyer revealed the secret to him. His benefactor was none other than Magwitch, whom he had saved fourteen years ago.

2Û

15

For each question from 71 to 80, write your answer in the space provided. All answers must be in complete sentences.

•	Why was Pip 'nearly faint with terror" (line 6) when he saw the apparition?
	Why did the man grab Pip by the scruff of his neck?
	What did Die
a	
	What did Pip suspect when he saw the man with the weary, hunted look of fugitive?  Why did the man not show up at the coast after a few days?
	What did Pip suspect when he saw the man with the weary, hunted look of fugitive?

Vhat 'secret' (line 27) did the lawyer reveal to Pip when he turned	twenty-one?
	Which four-word phrase in the passage has the same meanin for?  What 'secret' (line 27) did the lawyer reveal to Pip when he turned the same meaning the same meaning the same meaning to

End-of-Paper

### Nan Hua Primary School

### Primary 6 English SA1 (2006)

#### **Answer Sheets**

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
4	1	3	2	3	2	2	3	4	1
Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
4	4	2	3	4	3	4	2	3	4
Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30
1	4	2	3	2	1	4	2	4	7
Q31	Q32	Q33	Q34	Q35	Q36	Q37	Q38	Q39	Q40
<u>by</u>	and	during	off	their	a	the	when	along	for

41	enthusiastic	46	tired	51	truth	56	· is	61	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{v}$
	practice	47	climb	52	do		The	62	signs
	at	48	saying	53	them		it		Although
	was	49	on	54	not	59	experiment		Seen
45	journey	50	congratulated	55	Therefore	60	worked	65	monkeys

- 66. Listening to the radio while working was not against the rules for the clerks at the office.
- 67. The man whom you were talking to is my uncle.
- 68. Unless it rains, the football match will be on.
- 69. In spite of the fact that Nancy was blind, she could play the piano.
- 70. Mrs Lee told her children that had to tidy up their room before the guests arrived that night.
- 71. He liked to run along the coast.
- 72. Pip thought that the apparition was a ghost.
- 73. The man wanted Pip to bring him food and water.
- 74. Pip suspected that the man was a criminal who had escaped from the prison.
- 75. He regained strength and had escaped to a safer place.
- 76. The sentence is 'Naturally', Pip jumped at the chance'.
- 77. It refers to water and food.
- 78. It is 'taken a fancy to'.
- 79. The lawyer revealed that his benefactor was Magwitch.
- 80. Magwitch wanted to repay Pip for helping him.