

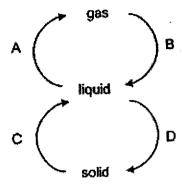
## MARIS STELLA HIGH SCHOOL (PRIMARY) P5 WEIGHTED ASSESSMENT 1 SCIENCE 4 MARCH 2021

NAME:	-		(	)	
CLASS:	Primary 5 (	)			
8 questions					
20 marks					
DO NOT OPE	N THIS BOOKLET	FUNTIL YOU A	ARE TOLD TO	DO SO.	
FOLLOW ALL	INSTRUCTIONS	CAREFULLY.			_
	Total			<i>j</i> 20	
	Parent's Sig	nature:		and h	

	For each question from Make your choice (1, 2,	1 to 5, four options are given. 3 or 4) and write the number	One of them is the correct a in the brackets provided.	inswer
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(10 marks)

1 Study the diagram below. A, B, C and D represent processes involved in the changes of state of matter.



Which one of the following processes represents melting?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

The table below shows the melting and boiling points of two substances, K and L.

Substance	Melting point (°C)	Boiling point (°C)
K	30	90
L	60	80

At which temperature will both substances K and L exist as a gas?

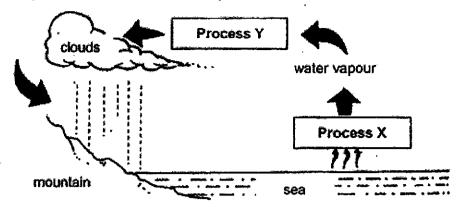
- (1) 25 °C
- (2) 65 °C
- (3) 85 °C
- (4) 95 °C

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3 The diagram below shows the water cycle.



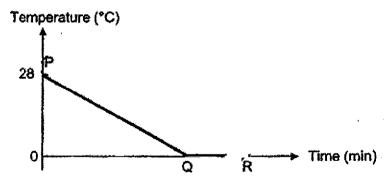
Which of the following is correct about processes X and Y?

	Process X	Heat transfer during process Y
(1)	evaporation	heat gain
(2)	evaporation	heat loss
(3)	condensation	heat gain
(4)	condensation	heat loss

The graph below records the change in the temperature of water in a beaker when placed in the freezer.

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Based on the graph, which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) Melting took place from Q to R
- (2) The water started to freeze at P
- (3) Ice and water were observed from Q to R.
- (4) No heat gain or loss took place from Q to R.

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5 Sam filled three containers of the same material each with equal amount of water in different conditions. The amount of water left in each container is shown in the table below.

Some information is missing.

Container	Exposed surface area (cm²)	Temperature of surrounding (°C)	Amount of water left after 8 hours (cm <sup>3</sup> )
Α	100	X	540
В	100	60	500
С	50	60	Y

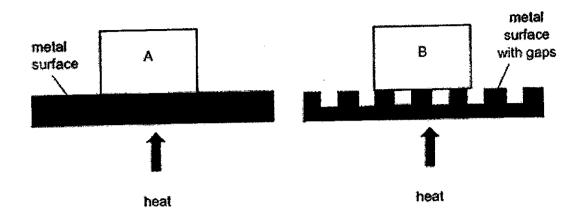
## Which of the following could X and Y be?

	×	Y
(1)	20	450
(2)	30	580
(3)	60	540
(4)	70	500

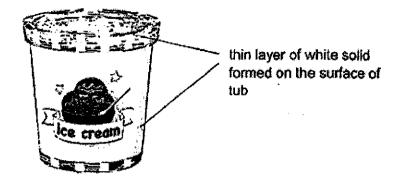
End of Booklet A

cke	ts [ ]	as 6 to 8, write your answers in this booklet. The number of marks available is shown in at the end of each question or part question.  (10 marks)
	(a)	State a similarity between boiling and evaporation. [1]
;	Sam were	hung three identical lowels, P, Q and R, to dry on a sunny and windy day. The towels equally wet and had the same mass at the start of the experiment.
		P Q R
\$	Sam r	measured the mass of the towels after one hour.
(	b)	Arrange the towels, P, Q and R, in order of increasing mass after one hour. [1]
		Smallest mass → Greatest mass
(6	c)	Explain your observation for towel R. [1]
(0	d)	Sam observed that the towels took a longer time to dry when there was no wind present. Explain why.  [1]
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Janice wanted to find out if different types of metal surface will affect the rate of melting of ice. She placed two rectangular blocks of ice, A and B, on two different surfaces. The surfaces were heated from the bottom.



John placed a tub of ice cream from the freezer onto a table. After a short time, a thin layer of white solid was formed on the surface of the tub.



Name two processes that caused the white solid to form.	[1
(i)	
(ii)	
Explain how the processes named in (a) caused the white solid to form.	[1
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**End of Booklet B** 

SCHOOL: MARIS STELLA HIGH SCHOOL

LEVEL: PRIMARY 5 SUBJECT: SCIENCE TERM: 2021 WA1

## **SECTION A**

Q 1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5			
3	4	2	3	2			
							<del> </del>

## **SECTION B**

Q6) a)Both are a heat gain process.

b)P,Q,R

c)Towel R had the smallest exposed surface area in contact with the surroundings, thus it gained heat the slowest and the water on it evaporated the slowest, resulting in R having the greatest mass after one hour.

d)The presence of wind increases the rate of evaporation. Water on the towels gains heat slower and evaporate slower in the absence of wind, hence taking a longer time to dry.

Q7)	a)lce A. Ice A had greater exposed surface area in contact with the
Qi)	metal surface than ice B. As the amount of exposed surface area
	increases, the rate of evaporation increases, thus Ice A gained heat
	more quickly and melted faster than Ice B.
	b)Temperature of surrounding, volume of ice at the start of the
	experiment
	c)She can decrease the thickness of the metal surface.
Q8)	a)(i)Condensation
	(ii)Freezing
	b)Warmer water vapour from the surrounding air loses heat to the
	cooler surface on the tub and condenses to form water droplets before
	freezing into the white solid.
	c)The white solid gained heat from the surroundings and melted to
	form water droplets.
1	