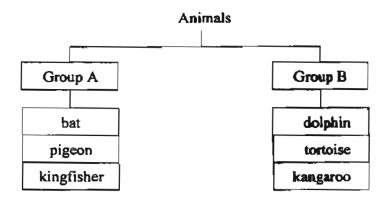
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SINGAPORE CHINESE GIRLS' SCHOOL SECOND SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2005 PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

| Name: | | | Date: | |
|-------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| Class | s: Primary 3 | | Duration: 1h 15min | |
| Part | I (50 marks) | | | |
| Mak | - | , four options are given. One of . Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 | | |
| 1. | Which one of the follow | wing is NOT a characteristic of | living things? | |
| | (1) grow | | | |
| | (2) reproduce | | | |
| | (3) move by themselve | S | | |
| | (4) survive without air | , food and water | | |
| 2. | A rabbit and a table are | similar in that they | | |
| | (1) are hard. | | | |
| | (2) have legs. | | | |
| | (3) can move by thems | | | |
| | (4) need air, food and | water. | - | |
| 3. | Which one of the follow | wing objects is made from an a | nimal? | |
| | (1) Book | (3) Pearl necklace | | |
| | (2) Cotton shirt | (4) Rubber slippers | | |
| 4. | The tiger, the whale an | d the pig are similar in their _ | · | |
| | (1) diets | (3) habitats | | |
| | (2) movements | (4) body coverings | | |

Study the classification diagram below and answer Questions 5 and 6.



5. Which one of the following sets of headings is correct for Group A and B?

| [| Group A | Group B |
|-----|---------------|---------------|
| (1) | Small animals | Large animals |
| (2) | Cannot run | Can run |
| (3) | Plant-eaters | Meat-eaters |
| (4) | Can fly | Cannot fly |

| 6should be classified under Gro | upA. |
|---------------------------------|------|
|---------------------------------|------|

(1) Guppy

(3) Butterfly

(2) Snail

(4) Cassowary

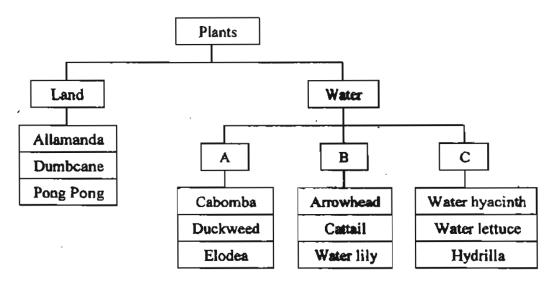
7. Which one of the following statements about plants is false?

- (1) They can reproduce.
- (2) They are found on land only.
- (3) They can move by themselves.
- (4) They can make food for themselves.

8. Some examples of fungi are _____ and ____

- (1) moss, fern
- (2) mould, fern
- (3) puffball, bacteria
- '(4) mushroom, mould

Study the classification diagram below and answer Questions 9 and 10.



- Q. The two plants that have been wrongly classified are _____ and
 - (I) elodea, cattail
- (3) cabomba, hydrilla
- (2) cabomba, elodea
- (4) hydrilla, duckweed
- 10. Which one of the following sets of headings is suitable for A, B and C?

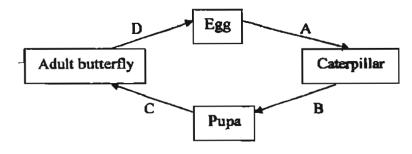
| | A | В | С |
|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (l) | Floating plants | Half submerged plants | Submerged plants |
| (2) | Half submerged plants | Submerged plants | Floating plants |
| (3) | Submerged plants | Floating plants | Half submerged plants |
| (4) | Submerged plants | Half submerged plants | Floating plants |

- 11. Look at the picture of the ironing board. If you were to choose a material to make the cover marked 'X', which of the following properties would be important?
 - A: Flexible
 - B: Smooth
 - C: Breakable
 - D: High melting point
 - (1) B only

- (3) B and D only
- (2) A and B only
- (4) A, B and D only



- 12. The tadpole is different from the adult toad in terms of
 - A: the food it eats
 - B: the way it moves
 - C: the way it breathes
 - (1) A and B only
- (3) B and C only
- (2) A and C only
- (4) A, B and C
- 13. The life cycle of a butterfly is shown below.



Moulting takes place at _____

(1) A

(3) C

(2) B

- (4) D
- Four identical dishes, A, B, C and D contained the same amount of cotton wool each. Five bean seeds were placed on the cotton wool inside each of the dishes.

| Dish | Air | Water | Suntight | Temperature |
|------|-----|-------|----------|-------------|
| Α | Yes | Yes | Yes | 30°C |
| В | No | Yes | Yes | 29°C |
| С | Yes | No | No | 33°C |
| D | Yes | Yes | No | 29°C |

Given the information in the table above, which dish(es) will soon has/have seedlings?

(1) A only

- (3) A and D only
- (2) B and C only
- (4) C and D only

15. The table below shows the physical characteristics of each member of the Tan family.

| | W. | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Short hair | Short hair | |
| Short eyelashes | Long eyelashes | Long eyelashes |
| Thick lips | Thin lips | Thick lips |
| Small eyes | Big eyes | Big eyes |

Which characteristics has Thomas inherited from his mother?

- (1) Thin lips, big eyes
- (2) Short hair, thick lips
- (3) Long eyelashes, big eyes
- (4) Long eyelashes, small eyes
- 16. Tim was given three glasses containing some colourless liquids. He was asked to identify what those liquids were. Which of the following senses will enable him to identify the liquids?



- (1) sight and taste
- (2) smell and taste
- (3) sight and touch
- (4) hearing and smell
- 17. Susan is blindfolded and given a rose. Which sense organ(s) can she make use of to identify that it is a rose?
 - A: skin
 - B: tongue
 - C: nose
 - D: eyes
 - (1) C only

- (3) A and C only
- (2) A, B and C only
- (4) A, C and D only

| Which of the following is | are found in the larg | e intestine? | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|----------|
| A: Saliva B: Solid waste C: Digested food D: Digestive juice | | | |
| (1) B only | (3) B and C onl | | |
| (2) B, C and D only | (4) A, B and C | only | |
| The i | nelp a person in his/h | er movements. | |
| (1) bones | (3) muscles | | |
| (2) bones and nerves | (4) bones and n | nuscles | |
| Some bones are classified Group A | - | A or B. | 7 |
| Group A | Gro | up B | 7 |
| | Gro- Finge | | |
| Group A Thigh bone | Gro- Finge Toe | up B r bone bone | A and B? |
| Group A Thigh bone Back bone Which one of the followin | Gro Finge Toe ag is a suitable headi Group B | up B r bone bone | A and B? |
| Group A Thigh bone Back bone Which one of the followin Group A Hard bones | Group B Soft bones | up B r bone bone | A and B? |
| Group A Thigh bone Back bone Which one of the followin Group A (1) Hard bones (2) Long bones | Group B Soft bones Short bones | up B r bone bone | A and B? |
| Group A Thigh bone Back bone Which one of the followin Group A Hard bones | Group B Soft bones | up B r bone bone | A and B? |
| Group A Thigh bone Back bone Which one of the followin Group A (1) Hard bones (2) Long bones | Group B Soft bones Short bones Curved bones the food is distribute | up B r bone bone ing for Groups | |
| Group A Thigh bone Back bone Which one of the followin Group A (1) Hard bones (2) Long bones (3) Large bones (4) Straight bones When plants make food, to | Group B Soft bones Short bones Curved bones the food is distribute | up B r bone bone ing for Groups | |

22. The diagram below shows a plant.



The arrows in the diagram show the path taken by _

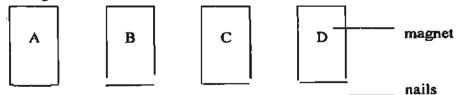
(1) food

(3) nutrients

(2) oxygen

(4) carbon dioxide

23. The four magnets below have nails attracted to their ends.



Arrange the magnets in terms of their magnetic strength from the strongest to the weakest.

- (1) C, A, B D
- (2) B, A, D, C
- (3) C, D, B, A (4) D, C, B, A

24. Which of the following ways are used to make an electromagnet?

- A. Coil a piece of wire around an iron nail
- B. Coil a piece of string around an iron nail
- C. Connect the ends of the wire to batteries
- D. Connect the ends of the string to batteries
- (1) A and D

(3) B and D

(2) A and C

(4) B and C

Which one of the following groups of objects use magnets? 25.

- (1) Nail clipper, radio, pencil
 - (2) Video tape, sofa, doorbell
 - (3) Microphone, helmet, amplifier
 - (4) Compass, floppy diskette, refrigerator

SINGAPORE CHINESE GIRLS' SCHOOL SECOND SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2005 PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

| Vame: | | Date: | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----|
| Class: Primar | y3 | Duration: 1h 15m | rin |
| Practic | cal 20 | | |
| Part | I 50 | Parent's Signature: | |
| Part | II 30 | | |
| Tota | 1 100 | | |
| art II (30 m nswer all the | arks) e following questions. | | |
| 6. Study | the pictures of the leaves belo | w carefully. | |
| | (H) | | |
| | Leaf A | Leaf B | |
| a) | List two similarities between 1) | Leaves A and B that you can observe. (2 | (m) |
| | 2) | | |
| b) | State one important function | of leaves (| lm) |
| | | / | 3 |

27. In the flowchart below, A, B, C, D, E and F represent six different animals.

Animals with backbones

yes

Animals which are warm-blooded

no

Animals with feathers

B

Animals which live both on land and water

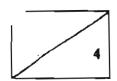
no

Animals which live on land only

yes

F

- a) Identify the letter that best represents each of the following animals. (3m)
 - i) Frog :
 - ii) Gecko :
 - iii) Goat :
 - iv) Hawk :
 - v) Earthworm :
 - vi) Weedy seadragon :
- b) Name another animal that has the same characteristics as Animal F. (1m)



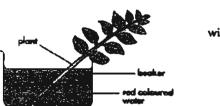
28. Raihanah conducted several tests on materials, A, B, C and D, and tabulated her results below.

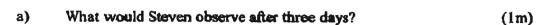
| | Α | B | _ <u></u> | D |
|------------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|
| Bend | Yes | No | No | Yes |
| Stretch | Yes | No | No | Yes |
| Breakable | No | No | Yes | No |
| Waterproof | No | Yes | No | Yes |

a) Which material would you use to make a dining table? (1m)

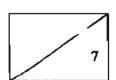


- c) Would you give a toy made of material C to a baby? Why? (26n)
- 29. Steven placed a plant in a beaker of red coloured water as shown in the diagram below.





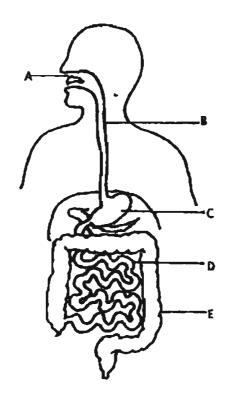
b) What does this experiment show? [2m]



| c) | What is another function of roots? | (lm) |
|----|--|-----------------|
| a) | Draw the life cycle of a grasshopper in the box below | (2m) |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | - |
| b) | List two similarities between the life cycles of the grasshopper a | |
| b) | chicken. | and the (2m) |
| b) | | |

ii)

31. The figure below represents our digestive system.



- a) Identify the parts of the digestive system (A, B, C, D or E) where digestion takes place. (1 ½ m)
- b) What is Part E known as?
- c) What happens at Part E? (1m)

32. Below is a picture of a human knee.



| a) | Name the part marked 'X'. | |
|------------|---|-------------|
| b) | Name another part of the body where you can find (a). | (lm) |
| | d the following statements. Write 'T' for every true statement and 'F' y false statement. | for (3m) |
| a) | Nickel, copper and iron are magnetic materials. | _ |
| b) | The strength of a magnet is independent of its size. | _ |
| c) | All magnets have only two poles. | _ |
| Stro a) | king a nail with a magnet can turn it into a magnet. Explain the stroking process. | (2m) |
| | | - |
| b) | State one way of de-magnetising a magnet. | (1m) |

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SINGAPORE CHINESE GIRLS SCHOOL
SECOND SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2005
PRIMARY THREE
SCIENCE
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| 01. 4 | 11. <i>4</i> | 21. (3) |
|---------|--------------|---------|
| 02. 2 | 12. (4) | 22. (3) |
| 03. 3 | 13. (2) | 23. 4 |
| 04. 4 | 14. (3) | 24. 2 |
| 05. 4 | 15. 3 | 25. 4 |
| 06. 3 | 16. 2 | |
| 07. 2 | 17. (3) | |
| 08. 4 | 18. (1) | |
| 09. (4) | 19. 4 | |
| 10. (4) | 20. (2) | |

- 26) a) 1) They have the same vein pattern.
 - 2) They both have a stalk.
 - b) It helps the plant make food.
- 27) a) i) D ii) F iii) B iv) C v) A vi) E
 - b) Lizard
- 28) a) Material B
 - b) It is unbendable, cannot be stretch and break and can get wet.
 - c) No. It will hurt the baby.
- 29) a) Plants turn red
 - b) Roots absorb water and the stem transports the red water from the roots to the leaves.
 - c) The roots hold the plant firmly to the ground.
- 30) a) egg

b) i) They both have three stages lifecycles.

adult nymph

ii) They both have the egg as their first stage in the lifecycle.

- 31) a) A, C, D
 - b) PART E is the large intestine.
 - Ç) Removes water.
- 32) a) Hinge joint
 - b) Elbow.
- 33) a) F b) T c) T

34) a) Using only either one of the poles, stroke the nail along its entire length in one direction.

b) Hitting the magnet with a hammer several times.